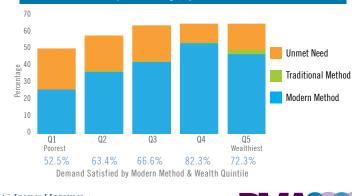


## **KEY FAMILY PLANNING INDICATORS**

Select Family Planning Indicators Across Recent Surveys (married women, age 15-49)			
	DHS 2011	PMA2014/ Ethiopia	
Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (CPR)			
All Methods CPR	28.6	33.7	
Modern Method Use mCPR	27.3	33.3	
Traditional Method Use	1.3	0.4	
Total Unmet Need	25.3	18.8	
For Limiting	9.0	9.6	
For Spacing	16.3	9.2	
Total Demand	53.9	52.5	
Demand Satisfied by Modern Method	50.6	63.2	

Fertility Indicators (all women)			
Total Fertility Rate	4.8	4.4	
Adolescent Birth Rate (per 1000, age 15-19)	79.0	41.0	
Recent Births Unintended (%)	34.0	41.5	
Wanted Later	22.6	24.9	
Wanted No More	11.4	16.6	
Ratio of Lowest vs. Highest Wealth Quintiles of % Births Unintended		37:44	

Current Use and Unmet Need Among Married Women of Reproductive Age, by Wealth Quintile



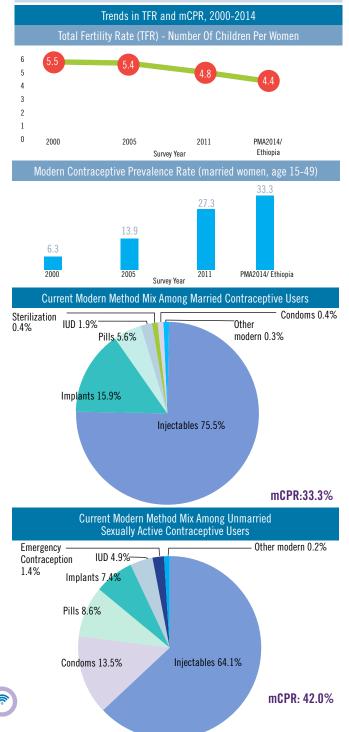
PMA2 )

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## PMA2014/ETHIOPIA PERFORMANCE, MONITORING & ACCOUNTABILITY 2020

**PMA2020** is a five-year project that uses innovative mobile technology to support low-cost, rapid-turnaround, national-representative surveys to monitor key indicators for family planning. The project is implemented by local university and research organizations in ten countries, deploying a cadre of female resident enumerators trained in mobile-assisted data collection. PMA2020/Ethiopia is led by the Addis Ababa University's School of Public Health at the College of Health Sciences (AAU/SPH/CHS), in collaboration with regional universities, the Federal Ministry of Health and the Central Statistics Agency. Overall direction and support is provided by the Bill & Melinda Gates Institute for Population and Reproductive Health at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health and funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

For more information on PMA2020 please visit http://www.pma2020.org



## **PMA2014/ETHIOPIA** INDICATORS FOR ACCESS, EQUITY, QUALITY AND CHOICE

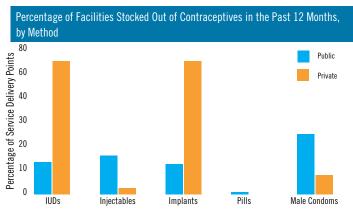
For Current Female Users (%)		
Obtained Method Of Choice	95.4	
Method Chosen By Self Or Jointly	79.1	
Paid For Services	18.7	
Told Of Other Methods	49.7	
Counseled On Side Effects	39.9	
If Counseled, Told What To Do	80.1	
Sterilized Users Who Were Told That The Method Was Permanent (n=15)	100.0	
Would Return To Provider And Would Refer A Friend Or Family Member	67.8	

For Current Female Non-Users: Median Duration Of Use For Recent Contraceptors: For Those With Any Use In Past 12 months

Method	Months	
Pills	5.8	
Injectables	22.7	
Implants	21.2	
Total	18.0	
Reasons Mentioned For Non-Use Among Married Women Wanting To Delay The Next Birth 2 Or More Years (%)		
Lactating	16.2	
Infrequent/No Sex/Husband away	4.5	
Menopausal/Subfecund/Amenorrheic	22.7	
Personally Opposed	3.9	
Partner/Other Opposed	8.5	
Religious Opposition	6.5	
Lack of Knowledge about method or source	8.9	
Fear Of Side Effects	9.5	
Health Concerns	13.8	
Method Unavailable/Costly	1.8	
Don't Know/Up to God	14.3	
Other/No Response	13.0	

For All Women of Reproductive Age, 15-49:			
	Total	Rural	Urban
Median Age of First Marriage (25 to 49 years)	16.9	16.7	18.1
Median Age at First Sex (25 to 49 years)	16.7	16.5	17.9
Median Age at First Contraceptive Use	23.7	24.7	21.8
Mean No. Of Living Children At First Contraceptive Use	2.4	2.9	1.4
Received FP Info. From Provider In Last 12 Months (%)	21.3	21.8	19.5





Service Delivery Points (n = 392: 347 public, 45 private)

	Public	Private
Percent Offering Family Planning	97.7	95.6
Average Number Of Days Per Week Family Planning Is Offered	5.5	4.2
Offering The Following Family Planning Methods:	%	%
Pills	89.7	90.7
Injectables	98.5	86.0
IUDs	56.6	7.0
Implants	82.3	7.0
Male Condoms	96.5	88.4
Female Sterilization	14.5	0.0
Offering Family Planning Counseling/Services To Adolescents	93.8	88.4
Supporting CHWs From This Service Delivery Point	95.7	93.3
With Mobile Teams Working From Facility In Last 12 Months	34.6	68.9
Charging Fees For Family Planning Services	6.5	100.0
With Client Feedback System	95.1	77.8
Integrating Family Planning Into Their:		
Maternal Health Services	96.4	33.3
HIV Services	98.4	83.3
Post-Abortion Services	99.6	88.9

## **SAMPLE DESIGN**

PMA2020/Ethiopia used a two-stage cluster design with urban-rural, major regions as strata. A sample of 200 enumeration areas (EA) was drawn by the Central Statistical Agency from its master sampling frame. For each EA, 35 households and 3-6 health service delivery points (SDPs) were selected. Households were systematically sampled using random selection. Households with eligible females of reproductive age (15-49) were contacted and consented for interviews. The survey aimed for sample size of 7000 households, 7000 females and 500 SDPs. Data collection was conducted between January and March, 2014.