Who Are the MDG Trailblazers? A New MDG Progress Index

Benjamin Leo and Julia Barmeier

Abstract

In September, world leaders will assemble in New York to review progress towards the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Ahead of the ensuing discussions, we examine how individual countries are faring towards achieving the highly ambitious MDG targets. We outline a new MDG Progress Index, which compares country performance against the core MDG targets on poverty, hunger, gender equality, education, child mortality, health, and water. Overall, we find evidence of dramatic achievements by many poor countries such as Honduras, Laos, Ethiopia, Uganda, Burkina Faso, Nepal, Cambodia, and Ghana. In fact, these countries' performance suggests that they may achieve most of the highly ambitious MDGs. Moreover, sub-Saharan Africa accounts for many of the star MDG performers. Interestingly, poor countries perform nearly on par with middle-income countries. Not surprisingly, the list of laggards largely consists of countries devastated by conflict over the last few decades, such as Afghanistan, Burundi, the DRC, and Guinea-Bissau. Most countries fall somewhere in between, demonstrating solid progress on some indicators and little on others.



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I declared 2010 to be the year of development. We need to focus attention and accelerate the process to achieve, to realize, the goals of the MDGs by the target year, 2015. We have only six years left before 2015.

-UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon, December 2009

Despite improved growth performance, most sub-Saharan African countries are off track to meet the MDGs.

--World Bank Development Committee Communiqué, April 2008

I. OVERVIEW

In September, world leaders will assemble in New York to review progress toward the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Ahead of the ensuing discussions, this paper aims to make a modest contribution to monitoring how individual countries are faring toward achieving the highly ambitious MDG targets.

Global shepherds of the MDGs, such as the UN and World Bank, generally report progress either on a global or regional basis. As the MDGs were envisioned as targets for the overall developing world, global reporting (not regional) is appropriate. The current regionally based reporting has several notable downsides. Most important, it leads to blanket statements about how some regions are "on track" to meet the MDG targets (i.e., East Asia) while others are "off track" (i.e., sub-Saharan Africa). This tends to mask dramatic intraregional variations in performance. For example, China's impressive achievements and size drive the overall MDG performance picture for East Asia.¹ Other countries with less impressive development outcome track records – such as Papua New Guinea – are simply too small to affect the regional aggregates. Likewise, large African laggards – such as Nigeria and the Democratic Republic of the Congo² – weigh down regional aggregates. Nonetheless, many African countries have made tremendous strides in achieving development outcomes. Regionally based reporting does a serious disservice to these high-performing countries.

Second, data availability and quality varies widely for several MDG indicators. For example, accurate figures for the percentage of people living on less than a dollar a day is unavailable for many countries during the early 1990s.³ In more recent years, reporting for this target indicator has remained spotty with only sporadic data points for most countries. As a result, annual regional averages can produce significant volatility, inconsistency, and misleading results due to the inclusion or exclusion of different countries.

¹ China accounts for nearly 70 percent of the total population of East Asia and the Pacific.

² These two countries account for over one-quarter of sub-Saharan Africa's total population.

³ The UN subsequently revised this absolute poverty indicator to \$1.25 per day to account for inflation over time.

When reporting is provided on a country-by-country basis, it normally takes one of two forms. The first are voluminous progress reports. This may be immensely helpful for a highly selective group of specialists responsible for designing or managing specific projects. However, it is simply too exhaustive and dense for the broader stakeholder audience. The second are birds-eye assessments of whether the respective country is on or off track without any underlying data or supporting references. A more digestible snapshot that captures countries' progress with a balanced amount of underlying data would be productive for this larger audience of interested stakeholders and researchers.

This paper attempts both to overcome the aforementioned regional simplification bias and the need for more user-friendly quantitative performance measures for specific countries. It begins by providing a very brief overview of the MDGs, their shortcomings and strengths, and how they are monitored currently. Next, the paper describes our MDG Progress Index methodology, which measures individual country progress on eight core MDG targets. Finally, we summarize the key takeaways of how poor countries are doing on these highly ambitious targets.

II. MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS

In September 2000, 189 member states of the United Nations adopted the Millennium Declaration, which included concrete commitments and targets for poverty eradication, development, and protecting the environment. Among other things, the signatories established the following targets:

- To halve, by the year 2015, the proportion of the world's people whose income is less than one dollar a day and the proportion of people who suffer from hunger and, by the same date, to halve the proportion of people who are unable to reach or to afford safe drinking water.
- To ensure that, by the same date, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling and that girls and boys will have equal access to all levels of education.
- By the same date, to have reduced maternal mortality by three-quarters, and under-five child mortality by two-thirds, of their current rates.
- To have, by then, halted, and begun to reverse, the spread of HIV/AIDS, the scourge of malaria and other major diseases that afflict humanity.

Source: United Nations Millennium Declaration (resolution 55/2), paragraph 19

Since then, the UN has allocated considerable time and resources towards developing and tracking MDG action plans and results frameworks. Starting in 2001, the UN Secretary-General unveiled his Road Map for implementing the Millennium Declaration, which included the original eight goals supported by 21 time bound targets and 60 indicators to measure progress. These indicators track everything from the proportion of fish stocks within safe biological limits to the official development assistance received in landlocked developing countries as a proportion of their gross national incomes. Some indicators are closely linked to the core

Millennium Declaration commitments, while others are more loosely or tangentially related. Notably, this Road Map was not formally endorsed by UN member states. Nonetheless, the UN continues to utilize a slightly adapted version of this framework to report on MDG progress. The World Bank's *Global Monitoring Report* also provides annual updates on the MDGs, among other development issues.

Several important studies have documented how the MDGs are unrealistically ambitious for some regions or countries. Easterly (2009) argues that the MDGs were poorly and arbitrarily designed as instruments for defining "success" or "failure" on poverty and other development targets. Essentially, Easterly contends that the MDG methodology sets up sub-Saharan Africa for failure – even if countries make significant progress. Clemens, Kenny, and Moss (2004) contend that the required rates of progress for achieving many of the MDGs exceed even the most impressive historical achievements. For example, they note that the typical African country would need to grow at an average rate exceeding 7 percent over a twenty-five year period in order to halve poverty rates. Only two African countries (Botswana and Equatorial Guinea), which account for only 0.3 percent of Africa's total population, had achieved that feat previously. At the time, these authors worried that unrealistic MDG targets may actually turn dramatic development success into perceptions of failure, which could undermine future government reform and aid constituencies.

Given the breadth of previous analysis, we will only briefly highlight a few related issues for further illustration. First, several of the MDGs contain absolute targets, such as the commitments to achieve 100 percent primary education completion rates and full gender parity for school enrollment rates. For countries starting off a low base, like many in sub-Saharan Africa, meeting this goal is a monumental task. By illustration, low-income countries must increase primary education completion rates by 41 percentage points, on average, to achieve the relevant education MDG. By comparison, upper-middle-income countries only have to increase completion rates by 9 percentage points, on average. For the gender goal, low-income countries must increase the education enrollment ratio of girls to boys by 17 percentage points. On average, upper-middle-income countries simply need to maintain their 1990 enrollment ratios – which were already greater than 100 percent.

| Country Income Group | Population Below \$1.25/day | % of Underweight Children | Primary Education Completion Rate | Girls:Boys Ratio in Primary and Secondary Education | Access to Improved Water Source | Child Mortality Rate (per 1,000) | Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100k births) | HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rate |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| | | (requ | ired percentage po | oint improvement) | | (required red | uction in deaths) | (maintain) |
| IDA-Eligible | 24 | 14 | 41 | 17 | 19 | 89 | 584 | 1.5% |
| Lower-Middle Income | 10 | 5 | 18 | 7 | 9 | 38 | 180 | 0.2% |
| Upper-Middle Income | 4 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 5 | 25 | 103 | 0.4% |

Source: World Bank, UN Monitor, and author calculations

Second, many of the MDG targets measure progress in terms of development outcomes (i.e., reducing maternal mortality rates) as opposed to development outputs (i.e., enrolling girls in

⁴ Based upon World Bank country income classifications. For the purposes of this paper, IDA-eligible countries are excluded from the lower-middle country category.

school). In general terms, achieving outcomes is a longer and more difficult process than achieving output targets. For example, developing countries can dramatically increase school enrollment output targets by reducing or eliminating school fees. This is different than achieving concrete learning outcomes (i.e., increased testing scores). In this example, educational outcomes depend on a wide range of environmental, social, health, and economic factors. In fact, the school enrollment target may actually undercut learning outcomes. Class sizes may increase dramatically, which places a significant burden on teachers' ability to provide quality instruction and monitor student progress. As a result, we would expect to find higher progress performance on the MDG targets that measure outputs (gender) and lower performance on the outcome-based measures (poverty, hunger, water, child mortality, health, etc).

Third, the Millennium Declaration measures development progress against a baseline year of 1990. Therefore, at the time of adoption, countries already had a decade of performance (or lack thereof) factored into whether they were on track to achieve the MDGs. As a result, the MDGs have a systemic bias towards countries that performed well during the 1990s. Importantly, this has the additional effect of penalizing many African countries that experienced conflict or slow economic growth during this time period.⁵

Despite their shortcomings, the MDGs continue to play a central role in international development circles. They have been an important tool for mobilizing billions of dollars in new development assistance for low-income countries. In this context, they should receive credit for helping to reverse the declines in aid volumes during the 1990s following the end of the Cold War. As noted above, the MDGs also have helped to shift donor attention away from development *inputs* – such as dollars spent or textbooks purchased – and toward development *outcomes* – such as reducing maternal mortality rates. Clearly, this shift remains a work in progress for many donor agencies. However, the MDGs should receive credit for their role in stimulating this institutional and programmatic rethinking.

III. MDG PROGRESS INDEX METHODOLOGY

The new MDG Progress Index attempts to provide a digestible, yet analytically robust, measure of just how individual countries are doing on the ambitious targets. The methodology has been customized to address several key issues, such as (1) dealing with annual data observation gaps for most indicators; (2) capturing both absolute and relative progress on MDG indicators; and (3) accounting for the alleged unrealistic nature of some MDGs. At its core, our methodology compares country's performance against required achievement trajectories for each of the examined MDG indicators. This trajectory is based on linear, annualized rates of improvement for each respective MDG indicator. For example, to halve extreme poverty between 1990 and 2015, each country would need to achieve annualized reduction rates of 2 percent (50 percent divided by 25 years). By calculating country's actual rate of improvement (or deterioration)

⁵ See a related World Bank blog by Shanta Devarajan entitled "Africa and the Millennium Development Goals" (<u>http://blogs.worldbank.org/africacan/africa-and-the-millennium-development-goals</u>).

during the available observation period, we determine whether a country is above or below that MDG indicator achievement trajectory.

Ideally, we would utilize available baseline data for 1990 and current data for 2008 to measure country achievements. In some cases, this information is available and reported in the paper. In other cases, the observation period is shorter due to the lack of available data for 1990 or more recent years. The absence of baseline data for 1990 creates significant challenges for final assessments of whether countries ultimately reach their MDG targets in 2015. For this exercise, we put these methodological limitations aside and focus solely on how countries have performed according to available data to determine whether a given country is above or below the achievement trajectory during the shortened observation period.

The Index is calculated by aggregating country performance across the eight core MDG targets covering poverty, hunger, education, gender equality, child mortality, maternal mortality, HIV/AIDS prevalence rates, and safe drinking water. If a country's rate of improvement is above the required trajectory, then it receives a score of 1. To address the criticism that the MDG targets set unrealistic expectations for many developing countries, we also assign a score of 0.5 to those countries that achieve at least 50 percent of the required trajectory. This methodological nuance helps to capture significant development achievements that may fall short of highly ambitious MDG expectations. In addition, we separately report MDG Progress Index scores adjusted for data availability. Adjusted Index scores are calculated by dividing countries' regular scores by the total number of indicators both with available baseline and recent data observations. This adjustment prevents countries with missing MDG indicator data – especially small-island and post-conflict countries – from being needlessly penalized (see section III for details).

Indicator Selection: The MDG Progress Index includes only 8 of the 60 progress indicators tracked and reported by the United Nations (see appendix I for complete list). We selected these 8 core indicators due to their (1) accuracy in capturing the original Millennium Declaration goals; (2) data availability; and (3) usage in the development literature. The Index entirely excludes MDG #8 (*Develop a Global Partnership for Development*) since the progress indicators relate to donor country actions and not developing countries.⁶ This excludes 16 of the UN-tracked progress indicators. We also have excluded seven environmental indicators and five malaria indicators because of the lack of available data – especially for baseline years. For some indicators, multiple data sources were examined, which produced slightly different results in select instances. For these cases, we chose reputable sources that include both baseline and more recent observations to ensure an apples-to-apples comparison of country performance. We describe our final selections and address the sensitivity to source and measurement in detail below.

MDG #1: Eradicate Extreme Hunger and Poverty: Two different indicators of progress on MDG 1 were examined. The first, Target 1A, aims to reduce the proportion of people whose

⁶ The exception is Target 8F, which calls for countries to make available new technologies to their populations in partnership with the private sector.

income is less than one dollar a day by 50 percent between 1990 and 2015. Later, the UN adjusted this income threshold upwards to \$1.25 a day to reflect inflation over time. We utilize this revised income cutoff to measure country progress. Figures are from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators*: "poverty headcount ratio at \$1.25 a day (purchasing power parity, percent of population)." Given the 25-year timeframe, countries would need to achieve a 2 percent reduction every year to achieve their respective target. Therefore, the target improvement is calculated by multiplying the number of observation years by -2 percent. The actual improvement is simply the change between the baseline and current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

Several methodological challenges should be noted for the absolute poverty indicator. First, annual reporting on poverty headcount ratios is spotty and inconsistent over time – both in terms of country coverage as well as volatility in observation figures. For example, country data from the 2007 and 2010 World Development Indicators can differ by up to 100 percent.⁷ Second, baseline data observations are unavailable for nearly one-third of the country sample. Third, the accuracy of several country observations appear to be suspect.⁸ Fourth, the inconsistent reporting over time may lead to observation period bias in terms of measuring individual country progress. Put differently, the lack of recent data may lead to inaccurate reporting of *current* country progress. For example, Tanzania has available observations only for 1992 and 2000. During this period, GDP growth per capita averaged roughly 0.1 percent annually. However, income growth per capita has averaged nearly 4 percent annually since then. Our MDG Progress Index fails to capture these important achievements because of the lack of more recent data observations. Given these methodological challenges, appropriate caution should be taken in interpreting country progress toward achieving the absolute poverty target.

The second indicator utilized is Target 1C, which aims to reduce the proportion of people who suffer from hunger by 50 percent between 1990 and 2015. Data on the prevalence of undernourishment as a percent of the population was gathered from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators.*⁹ Given the 25-year timeframe, countries would need to achieve a 2 percent reduction each year in the prevalence of undernourishment to meet the respective target. Therefore, the target improvement is calculated by multiplying the number of observation years by -2 percent. The actual improvement is simply the change between the baseline and current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual

⁷ Given this, utilization of older data would generate results different than those displayed here.

⁸ For example, according to the *2010 World Development Indicators*, the percentage of Tanzanians living on less than \$1.25 a day was 88.5 percent in 2000. For Rwanda, this figure was 76.6 percent in 2000. While both countries have very large populations living in absolute poverty, these figures seem uncharacteristically high.

⁹ This data is collected by the FAO. Its estimates of the prevalence of undernourishment are essentially a measure of food deprivation based on the calculation of three parameters for each country: (1) the average amount of food available for human consumption per person; (2) the level of inequality in access to that food; and (3) the minimum number of calories required for an average person. Therefore, the country estimates are only as reliable and accurate as the data used to calculate the food balance sheets, levels of inequality, and daily energy requirement cut-off points.

and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

MDG #2: Achieve Universal Primary Education: The goal is to ensure that all children, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling by 2015. In other words, countries should achieve a 100 percent completion rate for primary schooling. This paper utilizes "primary completion rate (percentage of relevant age group)" indicator from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators* to measure both baseline and progress levels.¹⁰ The required improvement was calculated by subtracting the baseline data point from the 100 percent goal to determine the total gap, then dividing that respective gap by 25 to produce the year-on-year change required to meet the target. This year-on-year change is then multiplied by the number of actual observation years to arrive at the target achievement reduction rate. The actual improvement is simply the change between the baseline and current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual and the required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0.

MDG #3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women: This goal seeks to eliminate gender disparity in education by 2015. To measure this, we employ the "ratio of girls to boys in primary and secondary education (percentage)" series from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators.* The required improvement is calculated by subtracting the baseline figure from the 100 percent parity goal to gauge the total gap, then dividing by 25 to ascertain the year-on-year change required to meet the goal over the 1990–2015 period.¹¹ This year-on-year change is then multiplied by the number of actual observation years to arrive at the target achievement reduction rate. The actual improvement is simply the change between the baseline and current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

MDG #4: Reduce Child Mortality: The goal is to reduce the mortality rate for children under the age of five years old by two-thirds between 1990 and 2015. Data is taken from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators*. In order to achieve a two-thirds reduction, countries would need to make yearly improvements of -2.667 percent over the respective MDG time period. For the examined period between 1990 and 2008, "on track" countries would achieve a reduction of 48 percent or greater. The actual improvement is simply the difference between the baseline and most recent year data. The above/below track is the difference

¹⁰ Data is generated using the following formula: Proxy primary completion rate = (the total number of students in the final year of primary school, minus repeaters) divided by (the total number of children of official graduation age in the population). Different sources may provide different figures due to variations in the underlying demographic modeling methodology. We compared WDI data to that from the World Bank report "A Chance for Every Child" (Bruns, Mingat, and Rakotomalala 2003) and found the two to be highly correlated (0.92).

¹¹ For purposes of this paper, the target ratio is established as 100 percent. However, the typical sex ratio at birth is 105–107 male births for every 100 female births.

(positive or negative) between the actual and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

MDG #5: Improve Maternal Health: The goal is to reduce the maternal mortality ratio by threequarters between 1990 and 2015. This paper utilizes 1990 and 2008 data from the paper "Maternal Mortality for 181 Countries, 1980-2008: A Systemic Analysis of Progress Towards Millennium Development Goal 5" published in *The Lancet* in May 2010. To achieve a 75 percent reduction over the 1990–2015 time period, countries would need to achieve an average annualized decline of 3 percent. For the examined observation period between 1990 and 2008, countries would need to achieve a 54 percent reduction. The actual improvement is simply the change between the baseline and current year data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

In terms of data quality and sources, several methodological issues should be noted. Overall, most development policymakers and practitioners widely recognize that the quality of maternal mortality data is poor. Country figures are produced through model simulations (as opposed to government reporting), which complicate accurate monitoring. While we have selected a data source different than those traditionally reported by the World Bank and UN, it is the most recent and methodologically consistent across the examined time period. In addition, it provides the most comprehensive country coverage.¹² This enables us to complete an apples-to-apples performance comparison for the greatest number of countries over time.

MDG #6: Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and Other Diseases: There are several MDG targets for combating infectious diseases. This paper utilizes the HIV/AIDS target – which calls for halting and then beginning to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS by 2015.¹³ We employ the "prevalence of HIV (percentage of population aged 15 to 49)" indicator from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators* series.¹⁴ The UN utilizes HIV-prevalence rates among people aged 15 to 24 years to track progress, which is generally recognized as a better proxy. While countries are moving toward collecting better data on this demographic – mainly by capturing data on young pregnant women attending antenatal clinics – comparable data availability is very limited.¹⁵ To achieve above track status, countries needed to maintain their baseline year prevalence ratio. The actual improvement is calculated by the difference between the baseline and most current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between

 ¹² See WHO and UNICEF (1996), Ronsmans and Graham (2006), and Hill et al (2007) for further discussion.
 ¹³ Malaria-related indicators suffer from a significant lack of available data – especially for baseline years. In addition, the global health literature suggests focusing on HIV/AIDS as opposed to tuberculosis-related indicators.

¹⁴ While the UN tracks HIV/AIDS prevalence rates to monitor progress on MDG #6, this approach creates several perverse incentives. First, countries that do a better job diagnosing HIV cases will likely report higher prevalence rates. As such, this creates a disincentive to improving diagnosis activities. Second, people that receive anti-retroviral treatment will live longer – thereby, contributing to higher HIV/AIDS prevalence rates.

¹⁵ HIV/AIDS prevalence rate data for ages 15–24 is only available for 2007. This data is reported separately for the male and female populations. The correlation between these figures and HIV/AIDS prevalence rates for the total population aged 15–49 is 0.95 and 0.98 respectively.

the actual and the required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Since the HIV/AIDS target entails a zero percent increase in prevalence rates, we do not apply partial scores of 0.5 to countries.¹⁶

MDG #7: Ensure Environmental Sustainability: The related MDG target indicator entails reducing the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water by 50 percent by 2015. For this paper, we utilize the "improved water source (percentage of population with access)", which is taken from the World Bank's *2010 World Development Indicators.* While the current UN MDG framework includes specific sanitation targets and progress indicators, only access to safe drinking water was included in the internationally endorsed Millennium Declaration.¹⁷ Since the MDG target focuses on the population *without* access to improved water sources, we subtract the *World Development Indicators* figures from 100 percent. Given the 25-year time frame, countries must achieve a 2 percent decrease each year to meet the goal. Thus, we calculate the required improvement by multiplying the number of observation years by -2 percent. The actual improvement is the change between the baseline and current data. The above/below track is the difference (positive or negative) between the actual and required improvement. Those countries that are on par or above track receive a score of 1 and those below a score of 0. Countries that achieve at least 50 percent of their target reduction rate receive a score of 0.5.

Country Selection: Our analysis focuses on countries that are eligible for International Development Association (IDA) assistance, which includes 76 countries.¹⁸ In terms of geographic distribution, sub-Saharan Africa accounts for the largest number of countries (38 countries) followed by East Asia (11 countries), Latin America and the Caribbean (9 countries), Europe and Central Asia (8 countries), South Asia (8 countries), and the Middle East and North Africa (2 countries). For comparative purposes, we also report performance for middle-income countries, which includes an additional 63 countries.

¹⁶ The authors considered whether to include a partial score for those countries that have slowed the increase in HIV/AIDS prevalence rates. Besides an inconsistency with the stated MDG target, this option was excluded due to poor data availability and quality prior to 1990.
¹⁷ In addition, some experts contend that the sanitation target produces a bias against poor countries since safe

¹⁷ In addition, some experts contend that the sanitation target produces a bias against poor countries since safe drinking water typically precedes improved sanitation facilities. To examine this contention, we also calculated country progress scores on the proposed sanitation target indicator. On average, poor countries scored 0.36 on this indicator compared to 0.57 on the improved water source indicator, which provides some analytical support to this contention.

¹⁸ Three IDA-eligible countries (Kosovo, Myanmar, and Somalia) are excluded due to lack of data.

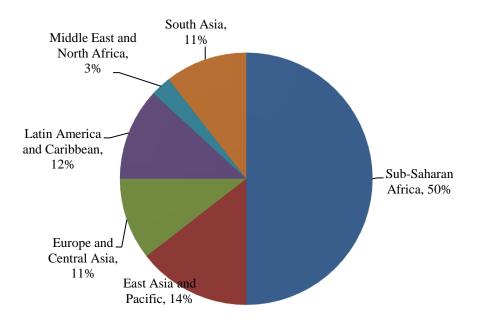
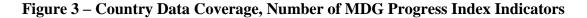
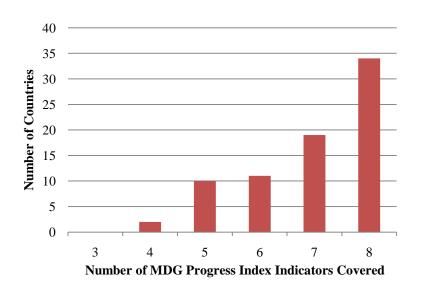


Figure 2 – Geographic Distribution, by Region

Data Limitations: Nearly 80 percent of the examined countries have available data for baseline and more recent years covering at least seven of the examined MDG target indicators. However, reporting is infrequent or completely lacking for some countries (see appendix II for details). In general terms, data availability is most lacking for small island nations and a few post-conflict countries. Five countries lack data for at least half of the Index indicators: Dominica, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Vanuatu. As noted previously, we report an adjusted MDG Progress Index score based on the average result for all indicators with available data to address this reporting challenge. This adjusted score is listed alongside the core MDG Progress Index in the paper's figures and appendices.





For specific indicators, country coverage is the most comprehensive for undernourishment, child mortality rate, maternal mortality, and access to improved water source. Data availability is the most limited for the proportion of the population living on less than \$1.25 a day and HIV/AIDS prevalence indicators.¹⁹

| MDG Target Indicator | Country Coverage |
|---|------------------|
| % of population below \$1.25 per day | (47 of 76) |
| Under-nourishment prevalence rate | (72 of 76) |
| Primary education completion rate | (67 of 76) |
| Ratio of girls to boys in primary and secondary education | (66 of 76) |
| Under-five child mortality rate | (76 of 76) |
| Maternal mortality ratio | (74 of 76) |
| HIV/AIDS prevalence rate | (53 of 76) |
| % of population with access to improved water source | (74 of 76) |

| Figure 4 – Data Availability for | MDG Progress Index Indicators |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|

Observation Period Bias: Year-to-year volatility in country performance can be significant due to a variety of factors, such as data quality, budgetary cycles, and exogenous shocks. Short observation periods therefore have the potential to paint a somewhat inaccurate picture of how countries may actually be faring. Overall, observation period bias does not appear to be a systemic challenge for this exercise. The average observation period across all eight MDG indicators is quite long (15 years). Only two percent of observations cover five years or less (11 out of 529 total observations).²⁰ However, several indicators that lack comprehensive recent country reporting, such as absolute poverty, are more prone to this observation period bias (as noted previously). Observation period bias – coupled with inaccurate data – may impact how well actual performance is captured both generally and by our MDG Progress Index.

IV. KEY FINDINGS

MDG Trailblazers: Five countries – led by Honduras – achieve a MDG Progress Index score of at least 6.0. An additional 10 poor countries achieved a MDG Progress Index score of 5.0 or greater (see figure 5 below). Based on observed trajectories, all of these countries would achieve at least half of the examined MDG targets. Sub-Saharan Africa accounts the largest number of star performers with five countries; East Asia follows with four countries, Latin America with three countries, Europe & Central Asia with two countries, and South Asia with one country.

¹⁹ For the proportion of the population living on less than \$1.25 a day indicator, data is unavailable for over onethird of examined countries. For the HIV/AIDS prevalence rate indicator, data is unavailable for 30 percent of countries.

²⁰ These observations include: Azerbaijan (MDG 6), the Gambia (MDG 1A), Georgia (MDG 6), Guyana (MDG 1A), Kiribati (MDG 2), Liberia (MDG 2), Maldives (MDG 2), Pakistan (MDG 2), Tajikistan (MDG 1A),

Uzbekistan (MDG 1A), and Vietnam (MDG 2). Interestingly, no countries have more than one observation period of five years or less.

| Country | MDG Progress Index Score | MDG Progress Score (<i>adj</i>) | Indicators Above Achievement Trajectory | Indicators with ≥50% Progress | Indicators Covered |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Honduras | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6 | 0 | 8 |
| Vietnam | 6.0 | 8.0 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Laos | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5 | 2 | 8 |
| Cambodia | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5 | 2 | 8 |
| Nepal | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4 | 3 | 8 |
| Burkina Faso | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5 | 1 | 8 |
| Ethiopia | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4 | 3 | 8 |
| Armenia | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5 | 0 | 8 |
| Bolivia | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5 | 0 | 8 |
| Nicaragua | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| Ghana | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| Malawi | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| Mongolia | 5.0 | 5.7 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
| Uganda | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4 | 2 | 8 |

Figure 5 – Top MDG Progress Index Performers

In terms of regional representation compared with the total sample of countries, East Asia and Latin America have the greatest percentage of countries performing at or near the top, with 36 and 33 percent, respectively. Given that African countries account for half of the country sample, its representation (14 percent) would suggest weaker regional performance overall. Nonetheless, the number of African star performers does lend credence to pockets of significant progress.

MDG Laggards: Afghanistan and Guinea-Bissau stand out as the worst performing countries – each with a MDG Progress Index score of zero. Burundi, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Papua New Guinea, Tanzania, and Zimbabwe are close behind with a score of 1.0 or less. Based on their observed trajectories, all but one of these countries (Zimbabwe) would fail to achieve any of the ambitious MDG targets.²¹ Not surprisingly, the list of MDG laggards consists mainly of post-conflict countries or fragile states.²² The majority of the laggards are located in sub-Saharan Africa (9 out of 12). These nine African countries account for 40 percent of the region's total population. Tanzania is perhaps the most surprising and interesting case. Despite its strong institutional performance rankings,²³ it scores in the bottom six countries on the MDG Progress Index. In fact, Tanzania's performance is below the required achievement trajectory for every indicator examined.²⁴

²¹ Only Zimbabwe performs above the required achievement trajectory for one indicator (maternal mortality rate).

²² The correlation between post-conflict status and MDG Progress Index scores is -0.36.

²³ For 2008, Tanzania had a CPIA score of 3.8. This placed it in the top quartile of all IDA-eligible countries.

²⁴ Tanzania receives partial scores for the primary education completion rate, child mortality, and access to improved water source indicators.

| Country | MDG Progress Index Score | MDG Progress Score (<i>adj</i>) | Indicators Above Achievement Trajectory | Indicators with ≥50% Progress | Indicators Covered |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Central African Republic | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Haiti | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Liberia | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Nigeria | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Zimbabwe | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Tanzania | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| Papua New Guinea* | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Burundi | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Congo - DRC | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Afghanistan* | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |

Figure 6 – Lowest MDG Progress Index Performers²⁵

Correlation Analysis: The existing body of development literature may suggest a positive relationship between development outcomes and institutional quality, economic growth, and income levels.²⁶ As for the link between development outcomes and aid volumes on a cross-country basis, the literature is mixed and highly contentious.²⁷ Our paper does not intend to revisit or opine upon any of these issues. Instead, we simply examine whether MDG Progress Index scores (a measure of development outcomes) is correlated with institutional performance, income levels, economic growth, or aid volumes. This rudimentary analysis does not capture causal relationships. Nor does it address the lagged nature of several of the indicators, such as ODA and income levels. Additional econometric analysis is required to measure these relationships. For this exercise, we are simply interested in very briefly identifying any suggestive patterns for further exploration (see appendix IV). Given the attention focused on mobilizing aid and fostering economic growth as key ingredients to MDG progress, further work utilizing Index scores would contribute to the broader debate.

(1) *Institutional Performance*: The correlation between MDG Progress Index scores and current World Bank CPIA scores is 0.46 and modestly significant.²⁸ While still high, we would have expected to see a stronger correlation between institutional performance and progress towards achieving the MDGs. The most noteworthy exceptions are countries that score relatively high on the MDG Progress Index. For example, Cambodia and Laos both rank within the top MDG Progress Index performers yet perform below the median in terms of CPIA scores. However, the opposite is largely untrue – few poor MDG Progress Index performers have high CPIA scores (with Tanzania as the biggest exception).

²⁵ Asterisk indicates that data is unavailable for at least 4 of the MDG Progress Index indicators.

²⁶ For example, see North (1995), Rodrik, Subramanian, and Trebbi (2004) and Acemoglu, Johnson, and Robinson (2004) for analysis on the relationship between institutions and development. For the impact of income levels on development, see Barro (2000), Birdsall (2007), Kraay (2004), and Ravallion (2001).
²⁷ See Burnside and Dollar (2000), Hansen and Tarp (2001), Easterly, Levine, and Roodman (2004), Clemens,

²⁷ See Burnside and Dollar (2000), Hansen and Tarp (2001), Easterly, Levine, and Roodman (2004), Clemens, Radelet and Bhavnani (2004), White (1992), and multiple papers by Paul Collier and co-authors.

 $^{^{28}}$ The R² is 0.2112. The correlation is 0.44 if MDG Progress Index scores are adjusted to account for lack of indicator data.

- (2) Income per Capita: We find insignificant correlations between MDG Progress Index scores and GDP per capita levels in 2008 (0.04), starting levels in 1990 (-0.11), as well as average income levels between 1990 and 2008 (-0.04).²⁹ While the correlation switches signs when adjusted MDG Progress Index scores are used, they remain low and insignificant for 2008 (0.20), for 1990 (0.03), and for the average income per capita levels between 1990 and 2008 (0.15).
- (3) *Economic Growth*: The correlation between MDG Progress Index scores and average GDP per capita growth between 1990 and 2008 is 0.25 and insignificant. While the correlation is positive, we would have expected to find a stronger relationship between economic growth and development outcomes.
- (4) ODA Per Capita: The correlation with average ODA per capita levels between 1990 and 2008 is -0.04 and insignificant. If adjusted Index scores are used, the correlation between MDG progress and ODA per capita levels becomes positive (0.19), yet remains insignificant.

Figure 7 – Correlation between MDG Progress Index Scores and Select Indicators

| MDG Progress Index Score | CPIA | Score | GDP Per Capita | | | GDP Per Capita Growth | ODA Per Capita | |
|-----------------------------|------|-------|----------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2008 | 1990 | 2008 | 1990 | (1990-2008 Avg) | (1990-2008 Avg) | (1990-2008 Avg) | |
| MDG Progress Index | 0.46 | 0.13 | 0.02 | -0.11 | -0.04 | 0.25 | -0.04 | |
| Adjusted MDG Progress Index | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.03 | 0.15 | 0.35 | 0.19 | |

Source: World Bank, 2010 World Development Indicators Database, authors' calculations

Comparison with Middle-Income Country Performance: Strikingly, low-income countries perform nearly on par with middle-income countries – with an average MDG Progress Index score of 3.3 compared to a middle-income country average of 3.6.³⁰ Three middle-income countries (China, Ecuador, and Tunisia) match the best performing poor country (Honduras) – achieving scores of 7.0. In addition, poor countries perform better, on average, for the extreme poverty, hunger, and gender parity indicators. Despite a higher baseline HIV/AIDS prevalence rate, poor countries perform nearly as well as middle-income countries (0.23 versus 0.28). Therefore, despite greater absolute performance requirements to achieve the MDGs (as illustrated in figure 1), poor countries perform very well when compared to middle-income countries. This result may be driven by our linear-based methodology (instead of a log-based approach). For example, middle-income countries with high development indicator baselines may find it more difficult or costly to achieve the required reductions. Interestingly, many middle-income countries actually perform quite poorly – with MDG Progress Index scores of 1.5 or lower (see appendix V for details). For example, Bulgaria, South Africa, Ukraine, and

²⁹ The aforementioned potential observation period bias may impact these correlation results due to the lack of recent data observations.

³⁰ Poor countries also perform nearly on par with middle-income countries according to Adjusted MDG Progress Index scores (3.7 versus 4.1).

Uruguay score the same as poor post-conflict countries like the Central African Republic, Côte d'Ivoire, and Liberia.

| | Country | MDG Progress Index Score | MDG Progress Index Score (adjusted) | Indicators Above Achievement Trajectory | Indicators with ≥ 50% Progress | # of Indicators Covered |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | China | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| ø | Ecuador | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| Best Performers | Tunisia | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7 | 0 | 6 |
| L L L | Brazil | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5 | 2 | 8 |
| erf | Egypt, Arab Rep. | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6 | 0 | 7 |
| t P | Lebanon | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6 | 0 | 7 |
| Bes | Guatemala | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5 | 1 | 8 |
| | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5 | 1 | 8 |
| | Jordan | 5.5 | 6.3 | 5 | 1 | 7 |
| | Iraq | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| | South Africa | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| LS | St. Kitts and Nevis | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| me | Uruguay | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| for | Montenegro* | 1.0 | 2.7 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Per | Palau | 1.0 | 2.7 | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| st] | Swaziland | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Worst Performers | Ukraine* | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| > | Bulgaria | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| | Gabon | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| | Marshall Islands* | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |

Figure 8 – Best and Lowest Performing Middle-Income Countries³¹

Indicator Performance Trends: As noted previously, the UN and World Bank have published numerous analyses about global or regional performance on specific MDG indicators. We provide only a very brief overview of our findings (see appendix VI for details). Overall, country performance is the highest on the gender equality indicator (ratio of girls to boys in primary and secondary education). On average, countries score 0.73 on this indicator. Poor countries also perform very well on the absolute poverty indicator, with an average score of 0.63. The largest lagging indicators are HIV/AIDS prevalence rates (0.23) and maternal mortality rates (0.33). Interestingly, over 40 percent of poor countries receive partial scores on the child mortality and maternal mortality indicators (see figure 9 below). This illustrates widespread progress; however, most countries still fall short of the highly ambitious MDG targets.

³¹ Asterisk indicates that data is unavailable for at least 3 of the MDG Progress Index indicators. Countries lacking data for five or more indicators are excluded from this figure (see appendix IV for complete list of all countries).

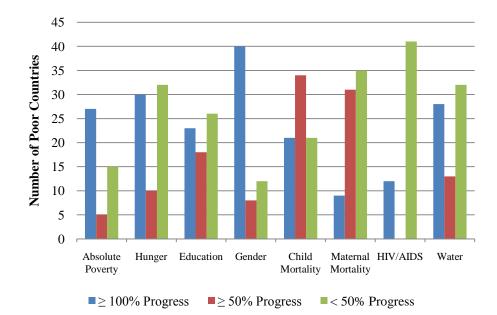


Figure 9 – MDG Indicator Progress, Number of Poor Countries

V. CONCLUSION

Ahead of the September UN MDG Summit, we examine just how individual countries are faring toward achieving the highly ambitious MDG targets. We do so mindful that the MDGs originally were envisioned as global, inspirational targets and not as programmatic tools for individual countries. We find evidence of dramatic achievements by many poor countries – such as Honduras, Laos, Ethiopia, Uganda, Burkina Faso, Nepal, Cambodia, and Ghana. In fact, these countries' performance suggests that they may achieve most of the highly ambitious MDG targets. Moreover, sub-Saharan Africa accounts for one-third of the top 15 star MDG performers. Interestingly, poor countries perform nearly on par with middle-income countries – in contrast to much of the reporting to date. Not surprisingly, the list of laggards largely consists of countries devastated by conflict over the last few decades, such as Afghanistan, Burundi, the DRC, and Guinea-Bissau. Most countries fall somewhere in between, demonstrating solid progress on some indicators and little on others.

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Complete List of UN MDG Target Indicators

| Goals and Targets (Formally Adopted Through the Millennium Declaration) | Indicators for Monitoring Progress (Tracked by UN, Not Formally Adopted by General Assembly) |
|---|---|
| Goal 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger | |
| Target 1.A: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people | 1.1 Proportion of population below \$1 (PPP) per day 1.2 Poverty gap ratio |
| whose income is less than one dollar a day | 1.3 Share of poorest quintile in national consumption |
| | 1.4 Growth rate of GDP per person employed |
| Target 1.B: Achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all, including women and young people | 1.5 Employment-to-population ratio 1.6 Proportion of employed people living below \$1 (PPP) per day |
| | 1.7 Proportion of own-account and contributing family workers in total employment |
| Target 1.C: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who | 1.8 Prevalence of underweight children under-five years of age |
| suffer from hunger Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education | 1.9 Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption |
| • | 2.1 Net enrolment ratio in primary education |
| Target 2.A: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling | 2.2 Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach last grade of primary |
| | 2.3 Literacy rate of 15-24 year-olds, women and men |
| Goal 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women Target 3.A: Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary | 3.1 Ratios of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education |
| education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later | 3.2 Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector |
| than 2015 | 3.3 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament |
| Goal 4: Reduce Child Mortality | |
| Target 4.A: Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under- | 4.1 Under-five mortality rate 4.2 Infant mortality rate |
| five mortality rate | 4.3 Proportion of 1 year-old children immunised against measles |
| Goal 5: Improve Maternal Health | |
| Target 5.A: Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the | 5.1 Maternal mortality ratio |
| maternal mortality ratio | 5.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel |
| | 5.3 Contraceptive prevalence rate 5.4 Adolescent birth rate |
| Target 5.B: Achieve, by 2015, universal access to reproductive health | 5.5 Antenatal care coverage (at least one visit and at least four visits) |
| | 5.6 Unmet need for family planning |
| Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and Other Diseases | |
| Target 6.A: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of | 6.1 HIV prevalence among population aged 15-24 years 6.2 Condom use at last high-risk sex |
| HIV/AIDS | 6.3 Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS |
| | 6.4 Ratio of school attendance of orphans to school attendance of non-orphans aged 10-14 years |
| Target 6.B: Achieve, by 2010, universal access to treatment for HIV/AIDS for all those who need it | 6.5 Proportion of population with advanced HIV infection with access to antiretroviral drugs |
| | 6.6 Incidence and death rates associated with malaria |
| Target 6.C: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of | 6.7 Proportion of children under 5 sleeping under insecticide-treated bednets |
| malaria and other major diseases | 6.8 Proportion of children under 5 with fever who are treated with appropriate anti-malarial drugs 6.9 Incidence, prevalence and death rates associated with tuberculosis |
| | 6.10 Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected and cured under directly observed treatment short course |
| Goal 7: Ensure Environmental Sustainability | |
| | 7.1 Proportion of land area covered by forest |
| Target 7.A: Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental | 7.2 CO2 emissions, total, per capita and per \$1 GDP (PPP) 7.3 Consumption of ozone-depleting substances |
| resources | 7.4 Proportion of fish stocks within safe biological limits |
| | 7.5 Proportion of total water resources used |
| Target 7.B: Reduce biodiversity loss, achieving, by 2010, a significant | 7.6 Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected |
| reduction in the rate of loss Target 7.C: Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without sustainable | 7.7 Proportion of species threatened with extinction 7.8 Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source |
| access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation | 7.9 Proportion of population using an improved sanitation facility |
| Target 7.D: By 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the | 7.10 Proportion of urban population living in slums |
| lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers Goal 8: Develop a Global Partnership for Development | |
| | 8.6 Proportion of total developed country imports (by value and excluding arms) from developing |
| Target 8.A: Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non- | countries and least developed countries, admitted free of duty |
| l arget 8.A: Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non- discriminatory trading and financial system | 8.7 Average tariffs imposed by developed countries on agricultural products and textiles and clothing from developing countries |
| | 8.8 Agricultural support estimate for OECD countries as a percentage of their gross domestic product |
| | 8.9 Proportion of ODA provided to help build trade capacity |
| Target 8.B: Address the special needs of the least developed countries | 8.1 Net ODA, total and to the least developed countries, as percentage of OECD/DAC donors' gross national income |
| Target 8.C: Address the special needs of landlocked developing | 8.2 Proportion of total bilateral, sector-allocable ODA of OECD/DAC donors to basic social services |
| countries and small island developing States (through the Programme of | (basic education, primary health care, nutrition, safe water and sanitation) |
| Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and the outcome of the twenty-second special session of the | 8.3 Proportion of bilateral official development assistance of OECD/DAC donors that is untied 8.4 ODA received in landlocked developing countries as a proportion of their gross national incomes |
| General Assembly) | 8.5 ODA received in haldiocked developing countries as a proportion of their gross national incomes 8.5 ODA received in small island developing States as a proportion of their gross national incomes |
| Target 8.D: Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing | 8.10 Total number of countries that have reached their HIPC decision points and number that have |
| countries through national and international measures in order to make | reached their HIPC completion points (cumulative) 8.11 Debt relief committed under HIPC and MDRI Initiatives |
| debt sustainable in the long term | 8.11 Debt relief committed under HIPC and MDRI Initiatives 8.12 Debt service as a percentage of exports of goods and services |
| Target 8.E: In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide | 8.13 Proportion of population with access to affordable essential drugs on a sustainable basis |
| access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries | |
| Target 8.F: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and | 8.14 Telephone lines per 100 population 8.15 Cellular subscribers per 100 population |
| communications | 8.16 Internet users per 100 population |
| | |

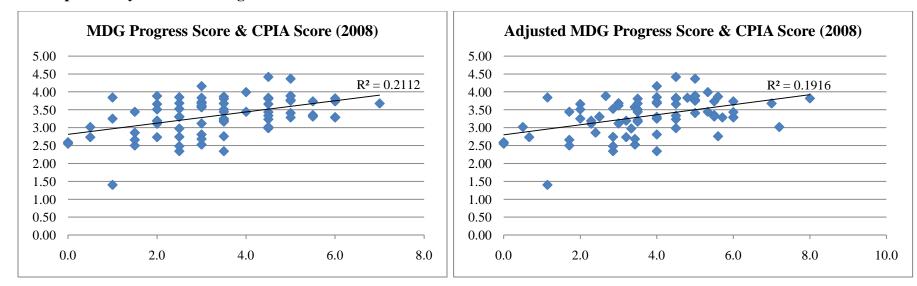
MDG Progress Index: Indicator Coverage by Country

| Afghanistan Angola Armenia Azerbaijan Bangladesh Benin Bhutan Bolivia Bosnia-Herzegovina Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cameroon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Control African Republic Chad Control Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ | イントレ | イイイイ | 1 1 1 1 1 | 7 7 7 7 | イイイ | $\sqrt{1}$ | $\sqrt{1}$ | 4 5 8 |
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| Armenia Azerbaijan Bangladesh Benin Bhutan Bolivia Bosnia-Herzegovina Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cameon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos | ~ | N N N | | 1 | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
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| Bhutan Bolivia Bosnia-Herzegovina Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cameroon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Dibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guinea-Bissau Guinea Buinea Suinea Suinea Suinea Guana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos | $\sqrt[n]{}$ | | N N | N. | N V | N N | \checkmark | N N | 7 7 |
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| Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cameroon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo , Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guinea-Bissau Guinea Guinea Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | $\sqrt[n]{}$ | V | | , | , | Ń | | , V | 5 |
| Burundi Cambodia Cameroon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo , Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guinea-Bissau Guinea Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos | \checkmark | | \checkmark | V. | V | Ń | \checkmark | V | 8 |
| Cameroon Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Cambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | 8 |
| Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritre | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | 8 |
| Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo - DRC Congo , Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Grinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | 8 |
| Chad Comoros Congo, DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | 6 |
| Comoros Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Dipiouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | V | \checkmark | V | V | 7 |
| Congo - DRC Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos | | V | V | \checkmark | V | V | ~ | V | 7 |
| Congo, Republic of Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho | | N | V | N | V | V | \checkmark | N, | 7 |
| Cote d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethicopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | N | V | N | N, | V | | N, | 6 |
| Djibouti Dominica Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea Guinea Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | 1 | N | N | \checkmark | V | V | V | N, | 7 |
| Dominica Eritrea Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | V | N, | N, | 1 | N, | N | V | V | 7 |
| Eritrea Ethiopia Cambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | \checkmark | N | N | N | V | \checkmark | \checkmark | V | 8 |
| Ethiopia Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | N | N | N N | V | ./ | .1 | N | 5 |
| Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | al | N | N | 1 | N N | N N | N N | N N | 7 |
| Georgia Ghana Grenada Quinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | N | N V | N V | N V | N N | N V | N N | 8 8 |
| Ghana Grenada Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | N V | N | N N | N N | Ň | N N | N V | N N | 8 8 |
| Grenada Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | V | N N | 1 | х Л | J | Ň | N N | J. | 8 |
| Guinea Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | v | Ĵ. | V V | V V | V V | Ň | , | Å. | 6 6 |
| Guinea-Bissau Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | \checkmark | v V | v. | , | V | Ń | \checkmark | , V | 8 |
| Guyana Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | , V | , V | | | v. | Ň | , V | , V | 6 |
| Haiti Honduras India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | V | V | \checkmark | \checkmark | V | Ń | V. | V | 8 |
| India Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | 5 |
| Kenya Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | 8 |
| Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | 8 |
| Kyrgyz Republic Laos Lesotho Liberia | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | 7 |
| Laos Lesotho Liberia | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | 5 |
| Lesotho Liberia | | | \checkmark | V | V | \checkmark | V | V | 8 |
| Liberia | V | V | V | \checkmark | V | V | V | V | 8 |
| | \checkmark | N | V | N | V | V | V | N, | 8 |
| | 1 | N | V | V | V | V | V | N, | 7 |
| Madagascar | V | N | N | V | N, | V | V | N, | 8 |
| Malawi | \checkmark | N | N, | N | N, | N | \checkmark | N, | 8 |
| Maldives | 1 | N | N | N | N N | N | .1 | N N | 6 |
| Mali | V | N | N | N | | V | V | | 8 |
| Mauritania | | N | N | N | N N | N N | N N | N | 8 |
| Moldova | V | N | N | N | N N | Ň | v | N N | 8 7 |
| Mongolia Mozambique | V | N | N | N | V V | Ň | \checkmark | Å. | 8 |
| Nepal | N. | J | 1 | 1 | , | V. | V | J. | 8 |
| Nicaragua | V | Ň | V | J | , | Ň | V. | J. | 8 |
| Niger | Ň | Ĵ. | Ĵ | Ĵ | J. | Ň | V V | Ĵ | 8 |
| Nigeria | V. | , V | | , V | V | V | V | , V | 7 |
| Pakistan | V. | Ń | \checkmark | V. | Ń | V | Ń | Ń | 8 |
| Papua New Guinea | | | | | \checkmark | Ń | \checkmark | \checkmark | 4 |
| Rwanda | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | 7 |
| Samoa | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | 6 |
| Sao Tome and Principe | | | V | V | V | V | | V | 6 |
| Senegal | V | V | \checkmark | N. | V | V | V | V. | 8 |
| Sierra Leone | \checkmark | V | | N. | V. | V | \checkmark | V. | 7 |
| Solomon Islands | 1 | V, | , | \checkmark | V | V | | N, | 5 |
| Sri Lanka | \checkmark | N | N, | 1 | N, | N | | N, | 6 |
| St. Lucia | | N | N, | N | V | V | | \checkmark | 6 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines | | N | N al | N al | V | V | .1 | .1 | 5 |
| Sudan | -1 | N | N | N | V | V | V | N | 7 |
| Tajikistan Tanzania | | N | N | N | N N | N N | N N | N N | 8 7 |
| Tanzania Timor-Leste | N V | N 2/ | N N | | N | N V | N | N | |
| Timor-Leste Togo | v | N N | N | \checkmark | Ň | N N | \checkmark | N N | 6 7 |
| Tonga | | v | N N | N N | N N | Ň | v | N N | 5 |
| Uganda | \checkmark | 2 | 1 | 1 | V V | N N | \checkmark | 1 | 8 |
| Uzbekistan | V | Å. | J. | 1 | V V | V. | V V | Å. | 8 |
| Vanuatu | • | J. | Ĵ | , , | V | Ň | • | 4 | 5 |
| Vietnam | \checkmark | J. | Ĵ | , | J | Ň | | | 6 |
| Yemen, Republic of | V. | , V | , V | \checkmark | V | V | | , V | 7 |
| Zambia | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | , | | 1 | | |
| Zimbabwe | V | | \checkmark | \checkmark | N | | | | 8 |
| TOTAL | | | | $\sqrt{1}$ | N V | N N | $\sqrt{1}$ | | 8 7 |

MDG Progress Index Performance, by Low-Income Country

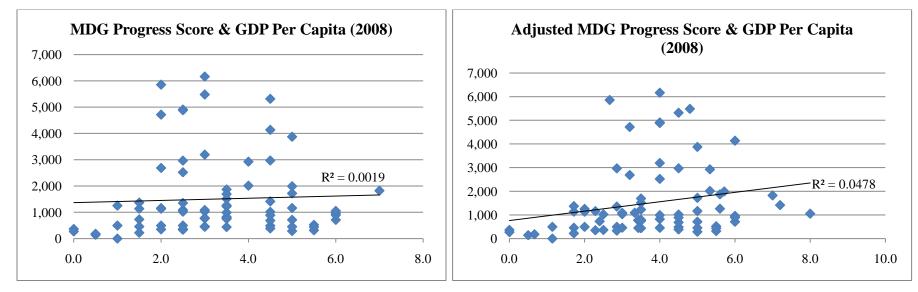
| Country | MDG Progress Score | MDG Progress Score (adjusted) | Population Below \$1.25/day | Prevalence of Under- Nourishment | Primary Education Completion Rate | Girls:Boys Ratio in Primary and Secondary Education | Child Mortality Rate | | HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rate | Access to Improved Water Source |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Afghanistan | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Angola | 2.0 | 3.2 | - | 1 | - | - | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Armenia | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Azerbaijan | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Bangladesh | 2.5 | 2.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | - | 1 | 0.5 | - | 0 |
| Benin | 3.0 | 3.4 | - | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bhutan | 3.5 | 5.6 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | - | 0 |
| Bolivia Desirie Herrister | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | 2.5 | 4.0 | - 1 | 0 1 | - | - | 0.5 | 1 0.5 | - | 1 |
| Burkina Faso | 5.5 | 5.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 1 0.5 | 0 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 1 0 |
| Burundi Cambodia | 0.5 | 0.5 6.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Cameroon | 6.0 3.5 | 3.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0 | 1 |
| Cape Verde | 3.0 | 4.0 | - | 0 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Central African Republic | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Chad | 3.0 | 3.4 | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | õ | õ | 0 | 1 |
| Comoros | 3.5 | 4.0 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | õ | 0.5 | 1 | 0 |
| Congo - DRC | 0.5 | 0.7 | - | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | õ | 0 | - | 0 |
| Congo, Republic of | 2.5 | 2.9 | - | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | Õ | õ | 1 | 0 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 1.5 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Djibouti | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Dominica | 2.5 | 4.0 | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | - | 0 |
| Eritrea | 2.5 | 2.9 | - | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Ethiopia | 5.5 | 5.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Gambia, The | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 4.5 | 4.5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Ghana | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Grenada | 3.0 | 4.0 | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 |
| Guinea | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Guyana | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Haiti | 1.5 | 2.4 | - | 0 | - | _ | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Honduras | 7.0 | 7.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 |
| India | 4.5 | 4.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Kenya | 3.0 | 3.4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.5 |
| Kiribati | 4.5 | 7.2 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | - | - | 1 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 6.0 | 6.0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Laos | 6.0 | 6.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Lesotho | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liberia | 1.5 | 1.7 | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Madagascar | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Malawi | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Maldives | 4.5 | 6.0 | - | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 0 |
| Mali | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Mauritania | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Moldova | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Mongolia | 5.0 | 5.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 |
| Mozambique | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nepal | 5.5 | 5.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Nicaragua | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Niger | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Nigeria | 1.5 | 1.7 | 0 | 1 | - | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pakistan | 3.5 | 4.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 |
| Papua New Guinea | 1.0 | 2.0 | - | - | - | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Rwanda | 3.0 | 3.0 | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0 |
| Samoa | 4.0 | 5.3 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 0 |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 2.5 | 3.3 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.5 | - | 1 |
| Senegal | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Sierra Leone | 2.0 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0 | - | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Solomon Islands | 3.5 | 5.6 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | - | 0 |
| Sri Lanka | 4.0 | 5.3 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | - | 1 | 0.5 | - | 1 |
| St. Lucia | 2.0 | 2.7 | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 0 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines | 3.0 | 4.8 | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | - |
| Sudan | 2.5 | 2.9 | - | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Tajikistan | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Tanzania | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Timor-Leste | 3.0 | 4.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Togo | 3.0 | 3.4 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Tonga | 2.0 | 3.2 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | - |
| Uganda | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Uzbekistan | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Vanuatu | 2.5 | 4.0 | - | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | - |
| Vietnam | 6.0 | 8.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Yemen, Republic of | 2.0 | 2.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 0 |
| Zambia | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Zimbabwe | 1.0 | 1.1 | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AVERAGE | 3.3 | 3.7 | 0.63 | 0.49 | 0.48 | 0.73 | 0.50 | 0.33 | 0.23 | 0.47 |

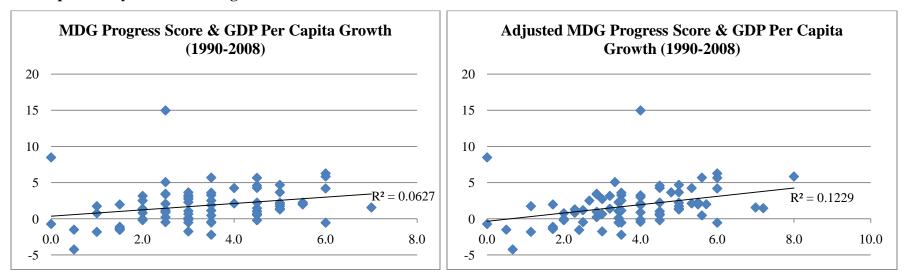
Appendix IV



Scatterplot Analysis – MDG Progress Index Scores and Institutional Performance

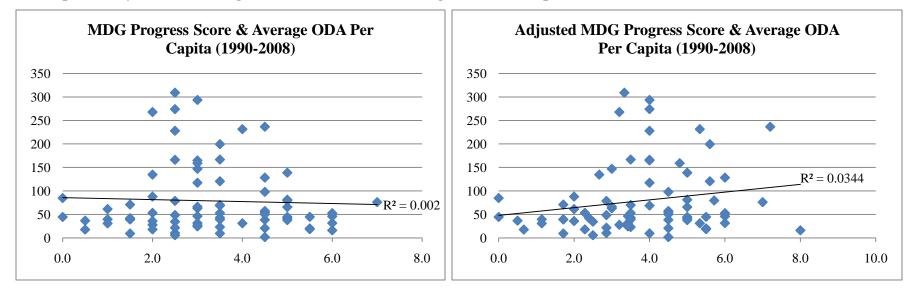
Scatterplot Analysis – MDG Progress Index Scores and GDP Per Capita Levels





Scatterplot Analysis – MDG Progress Index Scores and Institutional Performance

Scatterplot Analysis – MDG Progress Index Scores and Average ODA Per Capita (1990-2008)



| Albania 3.0 Algeria 4.5 Argentina 3.0 Belarus 3.5 Belize 3.0 Bots wana 3.0 Brazil 6.0 Bulgaria 0.5 Chile 5.0 China 7.0 Colombia 4.5 Costa Rica 5.0 Cuba 2.0 Dominican Republic 4.5 Ecuador 7.0 Egypt, Arab Rep. 6.0 El Salvador 5.0 Fiji 3.5 Gabon 0.5 Gatemala 5.5 Iraq 1.5 Jamaica 2.5 Jordan 5.5 Kazakhstan 4.5 Lebanon 6.0 Libya 3.0 Libuania 4.0 Marcedonia, FYR 2.5 Madysia 4.0 Marstoal, Fed. Sts. 2.5 Maratuiu 1.0 | MDG Progress Score (adjusted) | Population Below \$1.25/day | Prevalence of Under- Nourishment | Primary Education Completion Rate | Girls:Boys Ratio in Primary and Secondary Education | Child Mortality Rate | Maternal Mortality Ratio | HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rate | Access to Improved Water Source |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Argentina3.0Belarus3.5Belize3.0Botswana3.0Brazil6.0Bulgaria0.5Chile5.0China7.0Colombia4.5Costa Rica5.0Cuba2.0Dominican Republic4.5Ecuador7.0Egypt, Arab Rep.6.0El Salvador5.0Giba2.0Guita5.5Indonesia4.0Iran, Islamic Rep.5.5Iraq1.5Jamaica2.55Jordan5.5Kazakhstan4.5Latvia3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Maysia4.0Marontius4.5Macedonia, FYR2.5Malaysia4.0Marbial Islands0.5Micronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Micronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Micronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Montenegro1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Palu1.0Panama5.5Susian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Suvianare2.5Suvianare5.5Surianare2.5Suvianare2.5Suvianare2.5Suvianare5.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Surianare2.5< | 3.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | - | 0.5 |
| Belarus3.5Belize3.0Botswana3.0Botswana3.0Brazil6.0Bulgaria0.5Chine5.0China7.0Colombia4.5Costa Rica5.0Chuia2.0Dominican Republic4.5Ecuador7.0Eypt, Arab Rep.6.0B Salvador5.0Fiji3.5Gabon0.5Guatemala5.5Indonesia4.0Iran, Islamic Rep.5.5Iraq1.5Jamaica2.5Kazakhstan4.5Latvia3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libuania4.5Macedonia, FYR2.5Marshall Islands0.5Marinius4.0Mayotte-Mexico5.0Norocco5.0Namibia4.0Palau1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Peru5.0Poland3.0Sutifica1.5Sutifica5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Sychelles3.0South Africa1.5Stiktis and Nevis1.5Stiktis and Nevis1.5Stiname2.5Sinaname2.5Sinaname2.5Sinaname2.5Sinaname2.5Sinaname2.5 <td>5.1</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> | 5.1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Belize3.0Botswana3.0Brazil6.0Bulgaria0.5Chile5.0Chile5.0China7.0Colombia4.5Ecuador7.0Egypt, Arab Rep.6.0El Salvador5.5Indonesia4.0Fiji3.5Gabon0.5Gatemala5.5Indonesia4.0Jamaica2.5Jordan5.5Iraq1.5Jamaica2.5Macodonia, FYR2.5Macodonia, FYR2.5Macodonia, FYR2.5Mayotte-Mexico4.0Mayotte-Mexico5.0Namibia4.0Marshall Islands0.5Marinia4.5Micronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Morocco5.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Panama5.0Philippines5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Serbia3.0South Africa1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5Sturiane2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5Sturiane2.5Sturiane2.5Sturiane2.5Sturiane2.5Sturiane2.5Sturiane2.5 <td< td=""><td>3.0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0.5</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0.5</td></td<> | 3.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Botswana3.0Brazil6.0Bulgaria0.5Chile5.0Chila7.0Colombia4.5Costa Rica2.0Dominican Republic4.5Ecuador7.0Egypt, Anb Rep.6.0El Salvador5.0Fiji3.5Gabon0.5Guatemala5.5Indonesia4.0Iran, Islamic Rep.5.5Jordan5.5Kazakhstan4.5Latvia3.0Lithuania4.5Macodonia, FYR2.5Malaysia4.0Mayotte-Mexico5.6Micronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Malaysia4.0Mayotte-Mexico5.0Nicronesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Marshall Islands0.5Montenegro1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Palau1.0Panama5.0Philippines5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Scerbia3.0Sout Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Strainame2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Tunisia7.0 | 3.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 |
| Brazil60Bulgaria0.5Chile5.0China7.0Colombia4.5Costa Rica5.0Cuba2.0Dominican Republic4.5Ecuador7.0Egypt, Arab Rep.6.0El Salvador5.0Fiji3.5Gabon0.5Guatemala5.0Indonesia4.0Indonesia4.0Iran, Islamic Rep.5.5Jordan5.5Jaraka3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya4.0Marshall Islands0.5Marshall Islands0.5Marshall Stads5.5Marshall Stads5.5Marshall Stads0.5Mironesia, Fed. Sts.2.5Malaysia4.0Mayotte-Mexico5.0Nontenegro1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Penu5.0Philippines5.0Susian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Sutik and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Sturiane2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 3.4 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bulgaria0.5Chile5.0China7.0Colombia4.5Costa Rica5.0Cuba2.0Dominican Republic4.5Ecuador7.0Eypt, Arab Rep.6.0B Salvador5.0Fji3.5Gabon0.5Guatemala5.5Indonesia4.0Iran, Islamic Rep.5.5Jaraq1.5Janaica2.5Jordan5.5Kazakhstan4.5Latvia3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Libya3.0Simitus4.0Macedonia, FYR2.5Mactonia, Fed. Sts.2.5Morrocco5.0Namibia4.0Palau1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Palau1.0Panama5.5Paraguay4.0Poland3.0Suth Africa1.5Sutikt and Nevis1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5Sturiame2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5St. miai7.0 | 3.4 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
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| Namibia4.0Palau1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Peru5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 5.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 |
| Palau1.0Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Peru5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0South Africa1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 4.6 | - | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Panama3.5Paraguay4.0Peru5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Serbia5.0Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 2.7 | - | - | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | _ | - | 0 |
| Paraguay4.0Peru5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 3.5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Peru5.0Philippines5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Philippines5.0Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kits and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 5.0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Poland3.0Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 5.7 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 1 |
| Romania5.0Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 3.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Russian Federation3.5Serbia5.0Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 5.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Serbia50Seychelles30South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 3.5 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Seychelles3.0South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 5.7 | 0 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| South Africa1.5St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | - | - | 0 |
| St. Kitts and Nevis1.5Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Suriname2.5Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 2.4 | - | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | - | - | 0 |
| Swaziland1.0Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 2.4 | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syrian Arab Republic4.5Thailand3.5Tunisia7.0 | 1.0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Thailand 3.5 Tunisia 7.0 | 6.0 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 0.5 |
| Tunisia 7.0 | 4.7 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| | 7.0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 4.6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Turkey 4.0 Turkmonisten 4.0 | | | | 1 | 0.5 | | | - | 1 |
| Turkmenistan 4.0 | 8.0 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Ukraine 1.0 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Uruguay 1.5 | 1.7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Venezuela, RB 3.5 | 4.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 |
| West Bank and Gaza 2.0 Average 3.6 | 2.7 4.1 | 0.42 | 0.28 | 0 0.66 | 0.70 | 0.5 | 0.5 0.49 | 0.28 | 0 |

MDG Progress Index Performance, by Middle-Income Country³²

³² Based upon World Bank country income classifications. IDA-eligible countries have been excluded due to their inclusion in the low-income country analysis.

MDG Target 1A: Halve the Proportion of Population Below \$1.25/Day

| Country Baseline Year Afghanistan - - Angola 54.3 2000 Armenia 17.5 1996 Azerbaijan 15.6 1992 Benin - - Bolivia 2.0 2001 Bostia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burundi 4.0 1991 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Congo, Republic of - - Coroga 4.5 1996 Gombia, The 66.7 1998 Gorogia 4.5 1992 Grenada - - | Below \$1.25/Day | | | | Actual Per | formance | |
|---|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Angola 54.3 2000 Arrenvian 17.5 1996 Azerbaijan 15.6 1995 Bangadesh 66.8 1992 Benin - - Bolivia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Contral African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Comoros - - Cote d'Ivoire 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Goropia 45.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Guinea-Bissan 41.3 1991 | Current Year | untry E | # of Observation Years | Required Improvement (% Change for Observed Period) | Percentage Change | Versus Required Improvement | MDG Progress S core |
| Armenia 17.5 1996 Armenia 15.6 1992 Benin - - Bhutan - - Bolivia 2.0 2001 Bornia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Comoros - - Congo, Republic of - - Etricrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, Tbe 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<> | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Azerbaijan 15.6 1995 Bangladesh 66.8 1992 Benin - - Bultuan - - Bolivia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cambodia - - Contoros - - Conoros - - Cotof Uvore 17.8 1992 Dibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgi | - 2007 | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Banghadesh 66.8 1992 Benin - - Bhutan - - Botria 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzgovina 2.0 2001 Burkin Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Varde - - Contral African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Congo DRC - - Congo, Republic of - - Eritrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Ghama 51.1 1992 Gremada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 43.5 1990 India | 3.65 2007 2 2005 | | 11 10 | -22% -20% | -79% -87% | 360% 436% | 1.0 1.0 |
| Benin - - Butuan - - Bolivia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burtnin Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Contral African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Cord Tvoire 17.8 1992 Djbouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghrana 51.1 1992 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 55.7 1993 Laos 55.7 1993 | 49.6 2005 | | 13 | -26% | -26% | 430% 99% | 0.5 |
| Bhutan - - Bolivia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Comoros - - Congo - DRC - - Codg O'orice 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Eritrea - - Gorgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 55.7 1992 Idoyana 58.4 1993 Haiti - - Kribati -< | 47.3 2003 | | - | -2070 | -20% | - | - |
| Bolivia 4.0 1991 Bosnia-Herzgovina 2.0 2001 Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Caperoon 51.5 1996 Caperoon 51.5 1996 Caperoon 51.5 1996 Comoros - - Comoros - - Congo, Republic of - - Congo, Republic of - - Congo, Republic of - - Dibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Etricoja 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea- Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea- Bissau 43.5 1990 < | 26.2 2003 | | | - | - | - | - |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina 2.0 2001 Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Central African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Congo, Republic of - - Cote d'Ivoire 17.8 1992 Dibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kerya 38.4 1992 Kirbati - - | 11.9 2007 | | 16 | -32% | 198% | -617% | 0.0 |
| Burkina Faso 71.2 1994 Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Caperoon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Comoros - - Congo, Republic of - - Congo, Republic of - - Cote d'Ivoire 17.8 1992 Djbouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 5.1.1 1992 Giunea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 Haini - - Kribati - - Kyrgy Z Republic | 2 2007 | egovina | 6 | - | - | - | - |
| Burundi 84.2 1992 Cambodia 48.6 1994 Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Central African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Comoros - - Congo, PRC - - Congo, Republic of - - Cot of Ivoire 17.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kirbati - - Kagascar | 56.5 2003 | | 9 | -18% | -21% | 115% | 1.0 |
| Cameroon 51.5 1996 Cape Verde - - Central African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Comoros - - Congo, Republic of - - Congo, Republic of - - Cote d'Ivoire 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1993 Hait - - Hoidurus 43.5 1993 Laseria - - Kirbati - - Kagascar | 81.3 2006 | | 14 | -28% | -3% | 12% | 0.0 |
| Cape Verde - - Central African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Congo, PDRC - - Congo, Republic of - - Cote dTvoire 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Entropia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Goorgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissan 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Lastono 55.7 1993 Lastono 55.7 1993 Malavi <td>25.8 2007</td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td>-26%</td> <td>-47%</td> <td>180%</td> <td>1.0</td> | 25.8 2007 | | 13 | -26% | -47% | 180% | 1.0 |
| Central African Republic 82.8 1993 Chad - - Comoros - - Congo - DRC - - Congo, Republic of - - Cote dTvoire 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ganana 51.1 1992 Giunea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 43.5 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1993 Laiti - - Kiribati - - Malagascar 72.5 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Laberia | 32.8 2001 | | 5 | -10% | -36% | 363% | 1.0 |
| Chad - - Comoros - - Congo - DRC - - Congo, Republic of - - Editopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissan 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissan 43.5 1990 Haiti - - Hadi - - Kiribati - - Krygz Republic 18.6 1993 Lasotho 56.4 1993 Lasotho 56.4 1993 Malawi 83.1 1997 Malawi 83.1 1994 | 20.6 2001 | | - | - | | - | - |
| ComorosCompo, Republic ofCott d'Ivoire17.81992Djibouti4.81996DominicaEritreaEntireaEntirea66.71998Georgia4.51996Ghana51.11992Ginena, The68.71998Georgia4.51996Ginea92.61991Guinea-Bissan41.31993HatiGuinea-Bissan43.51990India49.41994Kenya38.41992Laos55.71992Laos55.71993Laos55.71993LaberíaMalaguscar72.51993Malávis83.11998MalívesMalavi81.31997Negal68.41993Modova17.01992Niger72.81992Nigria49.21993Negal64.71991Nigria49.21993Nigria49.21993Nigria65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.81996Skuranca65.8 <td< td=""><td>62.4 2003</td><td>can Republic</td><td>10</td><td>-20%</td><td>-25%</td><td>123%</td><td>1.0</td></td<> | 62.4 2003 | can Republic | 10 | -20% | -25% | 123% | 1.0 |
| Congo - DRCCongo - DRCCong, Republic ofDijbouti4.81996DominicaEhiropia60.51995Gambia, The66.71998Georgia4.51996Chana51.11992Grenada92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea4.51996Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea5.81993HattiHonduras43.51996KiribatiKyrgy Republic18.61993Laos55.71992Lesotho55.41993LaosMalasscar72.51993MadivesMadifi86.11994MadivesMadivesMadivesNigeria42.21993Nigeria49.21993Nigeria49.21993Nigeria68.41996NigeriaPapua New Guinea38.81996Solomon IslandsSudanSuotanSi Lucia20.9199 | 61.9 2003 | | | - | - | - | - |
| Cong. Republic of Cote d'Ivoire - - Cote d'Ivoire 17.8 1992 Dipiboti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Granada - - Guinea-Bissan 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1996 Idati - - Honduras 43.5 1990 Idati - - Kiribati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laso 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Malavi 83.1 1997 Madityes - - Malayscar 72.5 1993 Madityes - - Mai 86.1 1994 Moogopia </td <td>46.1 2004</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> | 46.1 2004 | | - | - | | - | - |
| Cote d'hoire 17.8 1992 Djibouti 4.8 1996 Dominica - - Eritrea - - Ethiopia 66.7 1998 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Ickinbati - - Kyrgyz Republic 18.6 1993 Lasot 55.7 1992 Lasoth 56.4 1993 Malives - - Malavit 88.1 1998 Madives - - Malavit 88.4 1993 Modova 17.0 1992 Maingrana | 59.2 2006 | | - | | | - | - |
| Djibouti4.81996DominicaEhiropia60.51995Gambia, The66.71998Georgia4.51996Ghana51.11992Grenada92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61991Guinea92.61993HaitiHonduras43.51990KirbatiKyrgy Z Republic18.61993Laos55.71992Lesotho56.41993LaosMalagascar72.51993Malawi83.11997MadivesMai86.11994Mozambique81.31997Nigeria49.21993Nigeria49.21993Pajua Mev Guinea35.81996Sourone and Principe28.42001Sengal65.81991Sengal65.81991Sengal65.81991Sic Lucia20.91995Si. Vincent & GrenadinesSudanSudanSudanSudan | 54.1 2005 | | - | | · · · | - | - |
| Dominica - - Eritrea - - Eritrea - - Ehitopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 41.5 1996 Ginana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea-Bissan 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Laos 18.6 1993 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Lasotho 56.4 1993 Malavi 83.1 1994 Madives - - Madives - - Madives 17.0 1992 Mogopia 18.8 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 < | 23.3 2002 | | 10 | -20% | 31% | -154% | 0.0 |
| Eritrea - - Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kinbati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Lasos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Laberia - - Madagascar 72.5 1993 Madives - - Malawi 88.1 1994 Madives - - Madives - - Malawi 88.1 1997 Modova 17.0 1992 Modova | 18.8 2002 | | 6 | -12% | 292% | -2431% | 0.0 |
| Ethiopia 60.5 1995 Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 Kinbati - - Kyrgz Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Laos - - Malagescar 72.5 1993 Madires - - Maidi 86.1 1994 Madires - - Maidires - - Maidires - - Mogopia 17.0 1 | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Gambia, The 66.7 1998 Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kinbati - - Kyrgy 2 Republic 18.6 1993 Lasoth 55.7 1992 Liberia - - Madayics - - Madayics - - Madives - - Madives - - Madives - - Madives - - Moldova 17.0 1992 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Georgia 4.5 1996 Ghana 5.1.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guinea-Bissau 43.5 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kinbati - - Kyrgy Z Republic 18.6 1993 Lasos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Laberia - - Madagescar 72.5 1993 Madives - - Maiti 86.1 1994 Modova 17.0 1992 Modova 17.0 1992 Mogolia 18.8 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 7.8 1992 Nigirria 49.2 <td>39 2005</td> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td>-20%</td> <td>-36%</td> <td>178%</td> <td>1.0</td> | 39 2005 | | 10 | -20% | -36% | 178% | 1.0 |
| Ghana 51.1 1992 Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1993 Guinea 5.8 1993 Guinea 43.5 1990 Guinea 43.5 1990 Guinea 43.5 1990 India 49.2 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Malayoi 83.1 1998 Malayoi 83.1 1994 Madiyos - - Mai 86.1 1994 Madiyos 17.0 1992 Mogoplia 18.8 1995 Modova 17.0 1992 Niger 72.8 1992 Niger 32.5 1993 Niger 72. | 34.3 2003 | | 5 | -10% | -49% | 486% | 1.0 |
| Grenada - - Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kinbati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madagescar 72.5 1998 Madives - - Madives - - Madives - - Madives - - Moldova 17.0 1992 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 <t< td=""><td>13.4 2005</td><td></td><td>9</td><td>-18%</td><td>198%</td><td>-1099%</td><td>0.0</td></t<> | 13.4 2005 | | 9 | -18% | 198% | -1099% | 0.0 |
| Guinea 92.6 1991 Guinea 41.3 1991 Guinea 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 43.4 1994 Karbati - - Honduras 43.5 1993 Kiribati - - Karbati - - Karbati - - Laos 55.7 1993 Laberia - - Madagescar 72.5 1993 Makroi 86.1 1994 Madrova 17.0 1992 Madrova 17.0 1992 Mogopia 18.8 1995 Mogopia 18.8 1995 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pabustam 65.8 1991 Samona - - < | 30 2006 | | 14 | -28% | -41% | 147% | 1.0 |
| Guinea-Bissau 41.3 1991 Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laso 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madayoi 83.1 1998 Malaivi 86.1 1994 Madives - - Madives - - Madives 17.0 1992 Mogoplia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Niegra 32.5 1993 Niegra - - Nigeria 49.2 1993 Nikaragua 25.5 1993 Nikaragua - - Saotome and Principe | 70.1 2003 | | 12 | -24% | -24% | 101% | 1.0 |
| Guyana 5.8 1993 Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1900 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Kyrgy Z Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madagescar 72.5 1993 Maldives - - Malives - - Malives - - Malives - - Malives - - Madives - - Madives - - Malives - - Malives - - Malives - - Moldova 17.0 1992 Mogenia 18.3 1997 Niger 72.8 1992 | 48.8 2002 | | 12 | -22% | 18% | -83% | 0.0 |
| Haiti - - Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Kyrgy Z Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lasos 55.7 1993 Liberia - - Madagescar 72.5 1993 Makovi 83.1 1998 Madigescar 27.5 1993 Madritania 86.1 1994 Maritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mogolia 18.8 1995 Mozambigue 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pabaistan 65.8 1991 Senza - - Sanotome and | 7.7 1998 | au | 5 | -10% | 33% | -328% | 0.0 |
| Honduras 43.5 1990 India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kinbati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Madayoit 83.1 1998 Malavi 83.1 1998 Malaivi 86.1 1994 Madives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Modova 17.0 1992 Mogoplia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Saurome and Principe 22.4 2001 Seregal 65.8 1991 Sit Lucia 20.9 1995 | 54.9 2001 | | - | - | - | - | - |
| India 49.4 1994 Kenya 38.4 1992 Kiribati - - Kyrgy Z Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Laost 55.7 1992 Lasotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madawi 83.1 1998 Madives - - Mairitania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Modova 17.0 1992 Mogonia 18.8 1995 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pabistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Sitara Loone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - St. L | 18.2 2006 | | 16 | -32% | -58% | 182% | 1.0 |
| Kenya 38.4 1992 Kirdbai - - Kirdbai 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 55.7 1993 Laos - - Madagascar 72.5 1993 Malawi 83.1 1998 Madires - - Mali 86.1 1994 Madrives - - Mairiania 42.8 1993 Modova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Negral 68.4 1996 Niger 72.8 1992 Niger S - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Salo Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Sengal 65.8 1990 Solumak 15.0 1991 | 41.6 2005 | | 11 | -22% | -16% | 72% | 0.5 |
| Kiribati - - Kyrgy Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madagascar 72.5 1993 Malawi 83.1 1998 Maldrives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Mauritania 42.8 1993 Modova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nicaragna 32.5 1993 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Samoa - - Solomon Islands - - Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia Grenadines - Sudan - - Sudan - - Sudan | 19.7 2005 | | 13 | -26% | -49% | 187% | 1.0 |
| Kyrgyz Republic 18.6 1993 Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madaguscar 72.5 1993 Malavi 83.1 1998 Maldives - - Mali 88.1 1998 Maldives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Madives - - Malives - - Moldova 17.0 1992 Mogolia 18.8 1995 Moldova 17.0 1992 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Samoa - - Solomon Islands - - Sit Lucia 20. | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Laos 55.7 1992 Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madagascar 72.5 1993 Malawi 83.1 1998 Madrys - - Mai 86.1 1994 Mauritania 42.8 1993 Modova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nigar 32.5 1993 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pajus New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Solomon Islands - - Sit Lucia 20.9 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sudan - - Sudan - - Tajajkistan 44.5 1999 Stanka 199 | 3.42 2007 | ublic | 14 | -28% | -82% | 291% | 1.0 |
| Lesotho 56.4 1993 Liberia - - Madagscar 72.5 1993 Malawi 83.1 1998 Maldives - - Mali 83.1 1993 Malini 83.1 1998 Malini 86.1 1994 Marritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nicaragna 32.5 1993 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Samoa - - Solomon Islands - - Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia Connoni Islands - Sudan - - Tagikistan 44.5 1999 Ta | 44 2002 | | 10 | -20% | -21% | 105% | 1.0 |
| Madaguscar 72.5 1993 Malavi 83.1 1998 Maldives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Mauritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nogrambique 81.3 1997 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Nigeri 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Papus New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Sanoa - - Sao Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1990 Sidornon Islands - - St. Lucia 15.0 1991 St. Lucia - - Sudan - - Tajajkistan 44.5 1999 <tr< td=""><td>43.4 2003</td><td></td><td>10</td><td>-20%</td><td>-23%</td><td>115%</td><td>1.0</td></tr<> | 43.4 2003 | | 10 | -20% | -23% | 115% | 1.0 |
| Malawi 83.1 1998 Malives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Mauritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Negal 68.4 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Son Ome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1991 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.0 1995 St. Lucia 20.0 1995 St. Lucia 20.0 1995 St. Lucia 20.9 1992 Studan - - Tajjikistan 44.5 1999 Tazznia 72.6 1992 < | 83.7 2007.0 | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Maddives - - Mali 86.1 1994 Mauritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1992 Niger 7.2.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 65.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Sobornon Islands - - Sierra Lone 65.8 1991 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajajkistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 72.9 2.901 | 67.8 2005 | | 12 | -24% | -6% | 27% | 0.0 |
| Mali 86.1 1994 Maritania 42.8 1993 Moldova 17.0 1992 Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Nigeri 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pajua New Guinea 33.8 1996 Rwanda - - Sanoa - - Samoa - - Sanoa - - Sanoa - - Sanoa - - Sanoa - - Soloron Islands - - St. Lucia 20.0 1990 St. Lucia 20.0 1995 St. Lucia - - Sudan - - Tajajkistan 44.5 1999 Tazznia 72.6 <t< td=""><td>73.9 2004</td><td></td><td>6</td><td>-12%</td><td>-11%</td><td>92%</td><td>0.5</td></t<> | 73.9 2004 | | 6 | -12% | -11% | 92% | 0.5 |
| Mauritanin 42.8 1993 Moidova 17.0 1992 Modova 17.0 1992 Mogolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Sonoma Standa - - Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 1991 Sk. Uncent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Taizznia 44.5 1999 Taizznia 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 | | | - | - | · · · | - | - |
| Moldova 17.0 J992 Mongolia 18.8 J995 Mozambique 81.3 J997 Nepal 68.4 J996 Nigar 32.5 J993 Niger 72.8 J992 Pakistan 64.7 J993 Pakistan 64.7 J991 Papus New Guinea 35.8 J996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Seegal 65.8 J991 Seera Loone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 J995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tazznia 72.6 J992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 | 51.4 2006 | | 12 | -24% | -40% | 168% | 1.0 |
| Mongolia 18.8 1995 Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Samoa - - Sanoa - - Sao Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 62.8 1990 Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajjkistan 44.5 1999 Tarzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 21.2 2000 | | 7 | -14% | -50% | 360% | 1.0 |
| Mozambique 81.3 1997 Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigria 49.2 1993 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Sierra Leone 65.8 1991 Scherngal 65.8 1991 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Juncent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajajkistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 | 2.38 2007 | | 15 | -30% | -86% | 287% | 1.0 |
| Nepal 68.4 1996 Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nigrin 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Paqua New Guinea 33.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Samoa - - Sierra Loone 62.8 1991 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tagikistan 44.5 1999 Tanznia 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 | 2.24 2008 | | 13 | -26% | -88% | 339% | 1.0 |
| Nicaragua 32.5 1993 Niger 72.8 1992 Nikgria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Sano Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1990 Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solt Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Uncent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Taizznia 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 74.7 2003 | e | 6 | -12% | -8% | 68% | 0.5 |
| Niger 72.8 1992 Nigeria 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Sano Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Sterrat Leone 62.8 1990 Soltranka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1991 St. Jurcia 20.9 1992 St. Jurcia 1999 1991 St. Jurcia 1999 1991 St. Jurcia 1991 1991 St. Jurcia 20.9 1992 Tazzmini 72.6 <td>55.1 2004</td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>-16%</td> <td>-19%</td> <td>122%</td> <td>1.0</td> | 55.1 2004 | | 8 | -16% | -19% | 122% | 1.0 |
| Nigrin 49.2 1993 Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Seregal 65.8 1991 Skerra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Taiglikistan - - Timor-Leste 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togg - - | 15.8 2005 | | 12 | -24% | -51% | 214% | 1.0 |
| Pakistan 64.7 1991 Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Sao Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1990 Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Macent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 65.9 2005 64.4 2004 | | 13 11 | -26% -22% | -9% 31% | 36% -140% | 0.0 0.0 |
| Papua New Guinea 35.8 1996 Rwanda - - Samoa - - Sano Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1991 Sierra Loone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Uncent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tagjikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 22.6 2005 | | 11 14 | -22% | -65% | -140% | 1.0 |
| Rwanda - - Samoa - - Sao Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1991 Siera Lone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzmia 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 25.9 2001 Togo - - | 22.6 2005 | Guines | 14 | -28% | -0.3% | | - |
| Samon - - Sao Toma Principe 28.4 201 Senegal 65.8 1991 Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 25.9 2001 Togo - - | 76.6 2000 | Guined | - | - | - | - | |
| Sao Tome and Principe 28.4 2001 Senegal 65.8 1991 Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Juncia & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzmin 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 5.9 2001 Togp - - | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Senegal 65.8 1991 Siera Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Stadan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 25.9 2.001 Togo - - | | d Principe | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sierra Leone 62.8 1990 Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Uncent & Grenadines - - St. Mann - - Tajįkistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 33.5 2005 | | 14 | -28% | -49% | 175% | 1.0 |
| Solomon Islands - - Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Microat & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 53.4 2003 | | 13 | -26% | -15% | 58% | 0.5 |
| Sri Lanka 15.0 1991 St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 25.9 2001 Togo - - | | inds | - | - | - | - | - |
| St. Lucia 20.9 1995 St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 14 2002 | | 11 | -22% | -7% | 30% | 0.0 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines - - Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tarzunia 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sudan - - Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | | & Grenadines | - | - | | - | - |
| Tajikistan 44.5 1999 Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togg - - | | | | | - | - | - |
| Tanzania 72.6 1992 Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 21.5 2004 | | 5 | -10% | -52% | 517% | 1.0 |
| Timor-Leste 52.9 2001 Togo - - | 88.5 2000 | | 8 | -16% | 22% | -137% | 0.0 |
| Togo | 37.2 2007 | | 6 | -12% | -30% | 247% | 1.0 |
| | 38.7 2006 | | - | - | | - | - |
| | | | - | - | | - | - |
| Uganda 70.0 1992 | 51.5 2005 | | 13 | -26% | -26% | 102% | 1.0 |
| Uzbekistan 32.1 1999 | 46.3 2003 | | 4 | -8% | 44% | -553% | 0.0 |
| Vanuatu | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Vietnam 63.7 1993 | 21.5 2006 | | 13 | -26% | -66% | 255% | 1.0 |
| Yemen, Republic of 4.5 1992 | 17.5 2005 | ublic of | 13 | -26% | 289% | -1111% | 0.0 |
| Zambia 62.8 1991 | 64.3 2004 | | 13 | -26% | 2% | -9% | 0.0 |
| Zimbabwe | | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average 46.7 - | 39.3 | | 10.5 | -21% | -5% | 5% | 0.63 |

| India Augh A A B <th></th> <th>Prev</th> <th></th> <th>ndernourishn pulation)</th> <th>nent</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Performance</th> <th></th> | | Prev | | ndernourishn pulation) | nent | | | Actual | Performance | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|-------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Appeln · <th>Country</th> <th>Baseline</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Year</th> <th># of Observation Years</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>MDG Progress Score</th> | Country | Baseline | | | Year | # of Observation Years | | | | MDG Progress Score |
| nema469921330014-28398978978Backdok39921330014-2830430400Backdok3992530514-2830400Backdok3992530514-28-1-1Backdok3992530514-2830614-2830616Backdok14992030514-2830616-2830616Backdok149921430614-2830616-2830616-2830616-2830616-28176306 <td< td=""><td>Afghanistan</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<> | Afghanistan | | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Achegonic239901190014906900< | Angola | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| IndigitableIndia </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| nome bland2898999014-288-2.1Bohra bland231002320014-288-0.1Bohra bland231002320014-288-0.1Bohra bland2310020014-288-0.1Bohra bland2310014-288-0.1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| Intern IndividualIIIIIIBoards Transporta519222061423%3.415152Boards Transporta1423%3.41423%3.41412%Carbon Transporta1431922.52061423%3.412%12%Carbon Transporta1431922.52061423%3.412%12%Carbon Transporta1431202.42.06142.4%1.4%12%12%Carbon Transporta1432.061.42.4%1.4%12%12%12%Carbon Transporta1432.061.42.4%14%12%12%Carbon Transporta1431.2%2.0%1.42.4%1.4%12%12%Carbon Transporta1431.2%1.4%2.4%1.4%12%12%12%Carbon Transporta1431.4%2.5%1.4%12% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.5 1.0</td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | 0.5 1.0 |
| induin1241922320614298498190Backar Loo14192922051429834.0121Backar Loo14192922051429844.0121Caraco13192212061429847.0121Caraco13192212061429817.0121Caraco13192212061429817.0122Caraco1429817.01221242061429817.0Caraco19192132061429849820817.0Caraco191922120614298498398398Caraco191922120614298498398398Caraco14298198498498398398398Caraco191922020614298498398398Caraco191922020614298498498398Caraco191922020614298498498498Caraco191922020614298498498498Caraco191922020614298498498498Caraco19192 | | 28 | | | | | -28% | -32% | | - |
| indumber book59929200614-28836.961529.Batada441020220614-28836.961529.Batada441020220014-288-378-378163Careeron121924120614-288-378-378-378Carearon121924120614-288-378-378-378Carearon121924120614-288-378-378-378Carearon131021320614-288-378-378-378Carearon131921220614-378-378-378-378Carearon131921220614-378-478-378-378Debatia371921220614-378-478-378-378-378Debatia371921220614-378-478-378 </td <td></td> <td>24</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 28%</td> <td>-4%</td> <td></td> <td>- 0.0</td> | | 24 | | | | | - 28% | -4% | | - 0.0 |
| indum14192020614 | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| Internal4419920.320061.4 | - | | | | | | | | 128% | 1.0 |
| Camboli381922520614 | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| Cope Vanie 12 192 14 206 14 -27h 17h Maximum Claid 49 192 18 206 14 -27h -37b 32b 127b Camon 49 192 18 206 14 -27h 32b 12b 12b 12b 12b 12b 206 14 -27h -7b 12b | | | | | | | | | 122% | 1.0 |
| Control1491 | Cameroon | 34 | 1992 | 23 | 2006 | 14 | -28% | -32% | 116% | 1.0 |
| Char999992382061428%30%167%Congen, Regular29192272061428%19%19%10%Congen, Regular1519921420%4428%49%10%12%Congen, Regular1519921420%4428%4%10%12%Congen, Regular1519921420%4428%4%10%12%Congen, Regular1719926420%1428%4%10%10%Charlon1719921620%1428%4%10%10%Congen, Condon1410%1428%4%10%10%10%Condon1410%10%1428%4%10%10%Condon1410%10%11%28%4%10%10%Condon161921620%1428%4%10%10%Condon161921820%1428%4%10%10%Condon161921820%1428%4%10%10%Condon161921820%1428%4%10%10%Condon161921920%1428%4%10%10%Condon161921920%1428% <t< td=""><td>Cape Verde</td><td>12</td><td>1992</td><td>14</td><td>2006</td><td>14</td><td>-28%</td><td>17%</td><td>-60%</td><td>0.0</td></t<> | Cape Verde | 12 | 1992 | 14 | 2006 | 14 | -28% | 17% | -60% | 0.0 |
| Conserved Congen-Bolfaa <td>Central African Republic</td> <td>47</td> <td>1992</td> <td>41</td> <td>2006</td> <td>14</td> <td>-28%</td> <td>-13%</td> <td>46%</td> <td>0.0</td> | Central African Republic | 47 | 1992 | 41 | 2006 | 14 | -28% | -13% | 46% | 0.0 |
| Corgs, Reprired Corgs, Reprired Corg, Reprired Corgs, Reprired Corg, Rep | Chad | 59 | 1992 | 38 | 2006 | 14 | -28% | -36% | 127% | 1.0 |
| Cong. Logical ControlII <th< td=""><td>Comoros</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2006</td><td>14</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td></th<> | Comoros | | | | 2006 | 14 | | | | 0.0 |
| Concentry 15 192 14 200 14 -29% -7% 156 Demixica 5 1992 5 2006 14 -29% -0% 157 Entropin 71 1992 64 2006 144 -29% -3% -0% Entropin 71 1992 64 2006 144 -29% -3% -0% Compin 71 1992 44 2006 144 -29% -3% -0% Compin 47 1992 16 2006 144 -29% -4% 9% Comme Nama 19 1992 16 2006 144 -29% -4% 29% Comme Nama 18 1992 16 2006 144 -29% -3% 2007 Comme Nama 19 1992 2006 144 -29% -3% 19% 12% Comme Nama 19 2006 144 -29% <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> | - | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| Djoloni 0 0.0 102 3 2000 14 -2% 4% 4% 179 Entra 67 1992 6 2000 14 -2% 4% 5% Entra 67 1992 20 2000 14 -2% -3% 14% Gamba, Tb 2 1992 12 2000 14 -2% -3% -3% 14% Greega 34 1992 2 2000 14 -2% -7% 20% Greega 34 1992 35 2000 14 -2% -7% 20% Gamba, Tb 20 1992 13 2000 14 -2% -7% 20% Gamba, Ta 20 1992 13 2000 14 -2% -3% 13% Gamba, Ta 23 1992 20 200 14 -2% -3% 13% Hain 63 1992 20 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| Dominention 5 900 5 2006 14 -28% 0% 0% Entingin 71 1992 64 2006 14 -28% -38% 1998 Compute 71 1992 42 2006 14 -28% -38% 1998 Compute 47 1992 12 2006 14 -28% -74% 2005 Granda 14 1992 16 2006 14 -28% -74% 2005 Granda 14 1992 16 2006 14 -28% -74% 2005 Granda 10 1992 16 2006 14 -28% -76% 2005 Ham 63 1992 5 2006 14 -28% -76% 213 Kryp 33 1992 5 2006 14 -28% -76% 135 Kryp 13 1992 5 2006 14 | | | | | | | | | 2178 | 0.0 |
| Entron 0 0 0 0 0 1/4 -2% -1% 5% Gambi, The 20 1992 2 2006 14 -2% 45% -1% 200% Gambi, The 20 1992 20 006 14 -2% 45% -2% Gambi, The 34 1992 16 2006 14 -2% -7% 20% Gambi, Sam 19 1992 16 2006 14 -2% -4% -6% Gambi, Sam 19 1992 16 2006 14 -2% -9% | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| hbspin71924420614-28%-38%-38%MassesGoraha, The471921220614-28%-74%56%Granah141922320614-28%-74%57%Granah141922320614-28%-16%56%Granah191921320614-28%-16%56%Granah631922320614-28%-47%57%Granah631922420614-28%-47%218%Hadra631922220614-28%-47%218%Hadra631922220614-28%-7%37%132%Kirbai131922220614-28%-7%37%132%Kirbai17192520614-28%-7%37%132%Lasc171921920614-28%-7%37%132%Lasc171921920614-28%-7%37%132%Makigara131921920614-28%-7%37%132%Makigara101921920614-28%-2%7%105%Makigara101922920614-28%-2%7%105%Makigara </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| Camba Correlation2020202014-28%45%45%16%Chana34192820614-28%-76%226%Cineach191921620614-28%-16%50%Cinine-Bisson191921620614-28%-16%50%Cinine-Bisson181922620614-28%-6%18%Cinine-Bisson191921220614-28%-6%18%India181922820614-28%-7%18%India231922014-28%-7%12%Kaya331922014-28%-7%12%Kaya3319220614-28%-7%12%Kaya171921520614-28%-7%12%Law171921520614-28%-7%12%Malaya151921520614-28%7%12%Malaya161921920614-28%-7%12%Malaya161921920614-28%7%12%Malaya161921920614-28%7%12%Malaya161921920614-28%7%10%Malaya16 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>576</td><td>0.0</td></t<> | | | | | | | | | 576 | 0.0 |
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| Tonga I <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
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| Yemen, Republic of 30 1992 32 2006 14 -28% 7% -24% | | | | | | | | | | 1.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| | Zambia | 40 | 1992 | 45 | 2006 | 14 | -28% | 13% | -45% | 0.0 |
| Zimbabwe 40 1992 39 2006 14 -28% -3% 9% | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 |
| Average 29.4 - 24.0 14.0 -28% -14% 52% | | | | | | | | | 52% | 0.49 |

MDG Target 1C: Halve the Proportion of Undernourished Population

| Inst. Inst. <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>etion Rate, Te nt age group)</th><th>otal</th><th></th><th></th><th>Actual</th><th>Performance</th><th></th></t<> | | | | etion Rate, Te nt age group) | otal | | | Actual | Performance | |
|---|-----------------|----------|------|---------------------------------|--------|------------------------|-------|--------|-------------|------|
| | Country | Baseline | Year | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | | | | |
| AmambaJond <th< td=""><td>Afghanistan</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>38.8</td><td>2005</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<> | Afghanistan | - | | 38.8 | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - |
| AnalogAnalogSetSetSetSetSetSetSetSetSetBacker12.00.012.50.001.00.0< | | | | | | | - | | 100 A | - |
| Image <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 20/</td><td></td><td>- 1020%</td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | - 20/ | | - 1020% | |
| bm bm sp | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| International International International International | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Banis Poor | | | | | | | | - | | |
| namen | Bolivia | 71.4 | 1990 | 98.0 | 2007 | 17 | 19% | 27% | 137% | 1.0 |
| namenumbernumbernumbernumbernumbernumberCanada4.401001.722.001.813.151.944.944.94Carward1.411.001.722.001.711.741.944.944.94Carward1.431.001.722.001.711.741.944.944.944.94Carsenperior1.431.001.022.002.752.740.054.944.94Carsenperior1.901.012.001.012.752.740.054.944.94Carsenperior1.901.012.001.012.750.951.010.950.95Carsenperior1.901.901.012.001.910.950.950.950.95Discar1.901.901.012.001.910.950.950.950.95Carsenperior1.901.902.001.910.950.950.950.950.95Carsenperior1.901.902.001.910.950.950.950.950.95Carsenperior1.901.902.001.910.950.950.950.950.95Carsenperior1.901.902.001.910.950.950.950.950.95Carsenperior1.901.902.001.910.950.950.950.950.95Carsenperior <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
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| CyrCyrNo.N | | | | | | | | | | |
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| ChalIns.Ins.Ins.Ins.Ins.Ins.Int.Comes.1800000003032005612%12%10%10%10%Comes. Raphico Com.18000011%20%11%10%11%10%10%10%Comes. Raphico Com.19%10%11%20%11%10%10%10%10%Debosic10%11%20%11%40%40%40%10%10%Debosic11%10%12%10%11%10%10%10%10%Comas.11%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%Comas.11%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%Comas.11%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%10%Comas.11%10 | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Come. JongCome. JongJo | | | 1990 | | 2007 | 17 | 57% | 15% | | |
| ConstructionSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolDeminsSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolDeminsSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolDeminsSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolDeminsSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolCorp, LoSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolCorp, LoSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolSolCorp, LoSol <t< td=""><td></td><td>48.9</td><td>1999</td><td>69.3</td><td>2005</td><td>6</td><td>12%</td><td>-</td><td>166%</td><td>1.0</td></t<> | | 48.9 | 1999 | 69.3 | 2005 | 6 | 12% | - | 166% | 1.0 |
| Cardinology41.410047.720.81847.847.89995.818.9Denica17.419081.520.8915.916.916.916.9Dirica17.319081.520.8915.916.916.916.9Biogia17.31907.220.81345.917.916.917.917.9Garanta17.91907.220.81345.917.9 | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Diplomina13.919.941.120.001849.997.997.9097.0097. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Demine97.497.497.897.597.6 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Endop13.719.89.19.081.39.089.39.089.05Gorpha, The4.8419.99.020.081.330.6010.010.010.0Gorpha, The19.19.001.40.081.72.8%1.9%4.9% <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Gamba Concept41.810597.90813909.97.0119.00110Georga63.710970.220.81380.927.0160.47.00.5Genala17.920.011.420.8890.647.047.00.5Geniar Blosz13.019.05.1.70.01.027.01.01.00.0Geniar Blosz17.020.011.420.88.890.637.041.00.0Geniar Blosz17.0Gamba Concept17.020.011.720.011.720.011.010.010.010.0Hali25.010.010.70.01.020.011.010.010.010.010.0Kohan64.010.010.720.011.020.011.010.010.010.010.0Kohan64.010.010.010.010.010.010.010.010.010.010.010.0Kohan45.010.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Georgia8.49.89.79.089.39.89.99.099.099.0Gmand71.920011.420.88.729.89.94.3%4.3%47.947.947.9Gmand13.93.720.81855.9%3.7%7.97.97.97.9Guine13.01.951.9720.8131.2%3.7%7.97.9Hait25.51.907.920.8172.4%2.9%7.97.9Hait25.51.907.020.8172.4%2.9%1.9%1.9%Indara6.3.41.918.3.42.9%6.69.9%1.9%1.9%1.9%Indara6.3.41.918.3.42.9%6.69.9%1.9%1.9%1.9%Indara6.3.41.918.3.42.9%7.82.9%3.9%1.9%1.9%Krypt Republic9.521.997.12.9%2.9%3.9%3.9%0.9%Lawin6.3.51.997.12.9%1.9%3.9%0.9%3.9%< | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Ghan6.3.9.0.99.2.9.0.99.7.2.9.0.99.7.2.9.0.99.7.9.0.99.4.09.0.09 | | | | | | | | 16% | | |
| Gnime Box99.9.7.9.07. <t< td=""><td></td><td>63.7</td><td>1991</td><td>79.2</td><td>2008</td><td>17</td><td>25%</td><td>16%</td><td>63%</td><td>0.5</td></t<> | | 63.7 | 1991 | 79.2 | 2008 | 17 | 25% | 16% | 63% | 0.5 |
| Gaine-Bissant30.610.720.81.71. <t< td=""><td>Grenada</td><td>71.9</td><td>2000</td><td>114.4</td><td>2008</td><td>8</td><td>9%</td><td></td><td>473%</td><td>1.0</td></t<> | Grenada | 71.9 | 2000 | 114.4 | 2008 | 8 | 9% | | 473% | 1.0 |
| Gryan10,72081312%37%12%37%12%Handraro6.410989.72081724%20%10%10%Kanya6.282027.520860%17%18%10%Kinbai6.282027.520860%17%18%10%10%Kinbai62.82007.520860%17%18%00%10%17%10%Kinbai92.007.720892.%3.%17%0.810% <t< td=""><td>Guinea</td><td></td><td></td><td>54.7</td><td>2008</td><td>18</td><td>58%</td><td>35%</td><td>61%</td><td>0.5</td></t<> | Guinea | | | 54.7 | 2008 | 18 | 58% | 35% | 61% | 0.5 |
| HainPartial | | | | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Hoadmark669080.71626%20%10%10India6.89012%30%69012%187%10Karya6.820070.520.869020%1177%10Kribai92.21999.1420.8920%30%70%20%107Kripai85.21999.120.8920%30%70%6060Losk55.21907.220.71728%9%9%30%75%0.5Losk20.87.620.81220%1847%30%77%0.5Makgneer34.9907.220.81847%30%77%0.5Makri21.21907.220.8185%45%7%90%105Makri21.41907.220.8185%45%7%90%105Makrin14.820.8185%45%7%90%10510%10%Marina14.9907.520.8185%45%7%10% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td></td> <td>33%</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | 13 | | 33% | | |
| India6.4.9.909.5.62.071.62.7.83.081.01.0Karya9.8.92.0012.4.82.0550%2.6%1.7.8%1.0Kirbai9.8.92.0012.4.82.0550%2.6%3.7%1.0Los4.5.21.997.4.72.0.81.83%3.7%3.7%0.5Los4.5.21.997.4.72.0.81.83%1.4%5.9%0.5Los6.6.22.065.7.62.0.82.23%3.7%3.6%3.6%Mahagacar6.6.22.065.7.62.0.82.63.6%3.7%3.6%3.7%3.6%Mahagacar2.6.77.995.42.0.71.75.9%3.6%3.7%3.6%< | | | | | | - | | 26% | | |
| Kanya69917147%14Kirbai124820892490249024902490 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kinbai98.9200012.4.8200550%26% <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Los 452 1990 7.7 2008 18 39% 30% 75% 50% Lescho 6.62 206 7.7 207 17 28% 9% 338.0 0.5 Lescho 6.62 206 7.6 208 2 3% 9% 338.0 0.5 Madus 2.67 199 5.4 207 17 50% 3.5% 0.5 0.5% 0.5% 0.5% Malwi 122 199 5.6 2008 18 5% 3.5% 0.4 0.5% 0.5% Martinia 30.3 1990 6.54 2008 13 5% 3.5% 0.4 0.5% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>26%</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | 26% | | |
| Lasch Ss.5 1990 7.2 207 17 28% 14% 50% 0.5 Malapscar 34.9 1990 71.2 208 18 47% 36% 77% 0.5 Malari 34.9 1990 54 208 18 47% 36% 77% 0.5 Malari 13.2 1990 64.2 208 5 - - -35% 0.5 0.5 Malariania 11.2 1990 64.2 208 18 50% 45% 47% 67% 61% 62% 60% Modarva 90.4 1997 64.2 208 18 50% 35% 35% 62% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 60% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% 61% | Kyrgyz Republic | 95.2 | 1999 | 92.1 | 2008 | 9 | 2% | -3% | -179% | 0.0 |
| Librian66.220067.6200823%9%518 <th< td=""><td>Laos</td><td>45.2</td><td>1990</td><td>74.7</td><td>2008</td><td>18</td><td>39%</td><td>30%</td><td>75%</td><td>0.5</td></th<> | Laos | 45.2 | 1990 | 74.7 | 2008 | 18 | 39% | 30% | 75% | 0.5 |
| Makayear 34.9 190 71.2 2008 18 47% 36% 77% 9.5% Makires 148.1 203 11.2 2008 5 . 35% 0.5 Maltres 12.2 190 56.8 2008 18 50% 45% 71% 0.5 Mathrain 12.2 190 66.8 2008 18 50% 45% 71% 0.6 Molova 90.4 1905 84.3 2008 13 15% -0% 22% 148% 60% Morambique 26.4 1909 75.5 2008 18 34% 36% 85% 0.5 Naraga 99 190 75.5 2006 15 30% 24% 85% 60.5 Nigar 61.2 1909 7.4 2005 20.6 1.5 30% 41% 30% 60.6 Sigar 7.7 2007 2.0 2.0 2.0 | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Mahiri 2 2 7 90% 27% 55% 0.5 Makiros 14.1 208 12.2 190 5.6 2008 18 63% 45% 71% 0.5 Mautraina 30.3 1990 6.6.2 2008 13 5% 0.6% 2008 13 5% 0.6% 2008 100 Mozambique 71.1 195 93.3 2008 13 5% 20% 188 5% 20% 188 100 0.6% 20% 0.5 0.5 Nazambique 49.9 190 7.5 2006 15 30% 20% 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6% 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6% 0.5 0.6% 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6% 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6% 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maki 14.8.1 20.3 1.2.9 2.0.8 5 - | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Mair 12.2 999 5.8 20.8 1.8 6.3% 4.5% 7.1% 0.5 Mauriania 30.3 1990 64.2 2008 1.8 50% 3.4% 6.8% 0.5 Molabra 7.1.1 1.95 9.3.3 2008 1.3 5% -6% 1.2% 1.0 Mozanbique 4.9.9 1.9.1 20.8 1.8 3.3% 3.3% 6.2% 0.5 Negal 4.9.9 1.9.1 7.5 20.6 1.5 30% 2.0% 8.5% 0.5% Nicangan 1.6.2 1.99 4.0.3 20.9 1.9 6.4% 2.0% 8.5% 0.0 Nicangan 1.6.2 1.99 4.0.3 20.8 1.8 4.4% 3.0% 8.5% 0.0 Nigaria 1.6.2 1.99 4.0.3 20.8 1.8 4.4% 3.0% 1.8 1.0 Pakitan 6.0.3 2.0.5 2.0.8 1.8 4.1% 1.6 1.0 1.0 Saroa 1.14.5 1.99 5.4 2.08 1.8 4.1% 1.6 2.0 1.0 Saroa 1.14.5 1.99 5.3 2.08 1.8 | | | | | | | | - | 22% | |
| Maritania 30.3 1999 64.2 2008 18 50% 34% 68% 0.5 Moldova 90.4 1995 83.3 2008 13 5% -6% 122% 100 Mozshibuje 26.4 1990 75.5 2006 15 30% 26% 85% 0.5 Nicargan 39 1907 74.5 2008 18 44% 36% 81% 0.0 Nigar 16.2 1990 40.3 2009 19 64% 24% 35% 0.0 Nigari 16.2 1990 4.3 2008 3 5% . | | | | | | | | - | 71% | |
| Modora 90.4 995 84.3 208 13 5% -6% 123% 00 Morganique 26.4 1990 93.3 2008 13 15% 22% 148% 0.0 Nepal 49.9 1991 75.5 2006 15 30% 20% 85% 0.5% Nicargan 16.2 1990 74.5 2008 18 44% 20% 85% 0.5% Nigari 16.2 1990 40.3 2009 19 64% 24% 20% 80 0.0 Nigari 16.2 1990 40.3 2009 19 64% 24% 10% 0.0 Pakitan 0.68 2003 0.03 2007 2 - <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mozambique 26.4 1990 59.4 20.08 18 53% 33% 62% 0.5 Negal 49.9 1991 75.5 2006 15 30% 26% 88% 0.5 Nigargan 16.2 1990 40.3 209 19 64% 24% 38% 00 Nigar 16.2 1990 40.3 209 19 64% 24% 38% 00 Nigaria 74.7 2003 60.3 2008 3 5% -1% 16% 00 Pakistan 66.8 2005 60.3 2008 18 46% 17% 38% 00 Saroa 114.5 1990 54.3 2007 12 - - 41% 38% 00 Saroa 114.5 1990 54.3 2008 18 41% 17% 38% 38% 00 Sienajan 61.2 1990 56.3 2008 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Negal 49.9 1991 75.5 2006 15 30% 26% 85% 0.5 Niargana 39 1990 74.5 2008 18 44% 36% 81% 0.5 Nigr 16.2 1990 4.3 2009 19 64% 24% 38% 0.0 Nigria 16.2 2005 60.3 2008 3 - | Mongolia | 71.1 | 1995 | 93.3 | 2008 | 13 | 15% | 22% | 148% | 1.0 |
| Nicaragan 9 99 74.5 2008 18 44% 30% 81% 0.5 Nigerin 16.2 1990 40.3 2009 19 66% 24% 88% 00 Nigerin 74.7 2033 - <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Niger 16.2 1990 40.3 2009 19 64% 24% 18% 00 Nigeria 74.7 2003 - | | | | | | | | | | |
| N Ngrin $74, 203$ $.$ <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Paistan 60.8 2005 60.3 2008 3 5% -1% -1% -1% 11% 00 Papa New Guinea 48.5 1909 $ -$ | | | | 40.5 | 2009 | 19 | 64% | 2470 | | |
| Papua New Guinea48.51990 \cdot <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>60.3</td><td>- 2008</td><td>3</td><td>5%</td><td>-1%</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | - | | | 60.3 | - 2008 | 3 | 5% | -1% | | |
| Rwanda 36.6 1990 5.4 2008 18 46% 17% 28% 0.0 Samoa 114.5 1995 10.1 2007 12 - -14% - 100 San Tome and Principe 7.7 1990 84.8 2009 19 17% 7% 44% 0.0 Senegal 42.9 1990 5.6.3 208 18 41% 13% 36.6 0.0 Sterra Leone - - 87.7 2007 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | - | - | - | | |
| Sao Tome and Principe 77.9 1990 84.8 2009 19 17% 7% 41% 0.0 Senegal 42.9 1990 56.3 2008 18 41% 13% 32% 0.0 Senegal 6.12 1990 56.3 2007 - | | | | 54 | 2008 | 18 | 46% | 17% | 38% | 0.0 |
| Senegal 42.9 1990 5.6.3 2008 18 41% 13% 13% 0.0 Siera Lone - - 87.7 2007 - <td></td> <td>114.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | 114.5 | | | | | - | | | |
| Siera Leone i 87.7 2007 i | | | | | | | | | | |
| Solomon Islands 61.2 1990 \cdot <td></td> <td>42.9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>18</td> <td>41%</td> <td></td> <td>5576</td> <td>0.0</td> | | 42.9 | | | | 18 | 41% | | 5576 | 0.0 |
| Sri Lanka 98.5 1990 104.9 2007 17 1% 6% 627% 1.0 St. Lucia 121.8 1990 97.5 2008 18 - -24% . 0.0 St. Vincent & Grenadines 89.7 2001 109.2 2008 7 3% 20% 676% 0.0 Sudan 40.2 1991 57.2 2009 18 43% 17% 39% 0.0 Tajkistan 99.3 1995 97.7 2008 13 0% -2% 440% 0.0 Timor-Leste 62.7 1991 82.6 2007 16 24% 20% 83% 0.5 Toga 48.3 1998 7.8 2008 10 21% 60% 0.5 Toga 48.3 1990 61.3 2007 17 44% 26% 60% 0.5 Ugada 58.2 2001 56.1 2008 7 12% -2% 4.8% 0.0 Vandat 66.2 1999 9.4 | | | | | | - | - | | - | - |
| St. Lucia 121.8 1990 97.5 2008 18 - -24% Constraints 0.0 St. Vincent & Grenadines 89.7 2001 109.2 2008 7 3% 20% 670% 1.0 Sudan 40.2 1991 57.2 2009 18 43% 17% 3% 0.0 Tajkistan 93.1 1995 97.7 2008 13 0% -2% 44% 0.0 Tazania 62.7 1991 82.6 2007 16 24% 20% 83% 0.5 Timor-Leste 48.3 1998 7.8 2006 16 - - 28% 0.0 0.0 Toga 132.7 1990 104.9 2006 16 - - 28% 0.0 0.0 Ugada 58.2 2001 56.1 2008 7 12% -2% 418% 0.0 Uzbekistan 96.2 1999 97.3 2007 8 5% -6% -12% 0.0 0.0 | | | | | | | | | 627% | 1.0 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines 89,7 2001 109,2 2008 7 3% 20% 676% 1.0 Sudan 40.2 1991 57.2 2009 18 43% 17% 39% 0.0 Tajikistan 99.3 1995 97.7 2008 13 0% -2% 440% 0.0 Tanzania 62.7 1991 82.6 2007 16 24% 20% 83% 0.5 Timor-Leste 48.3 1998 79.8 2007 16 24% 20% 60% 0.5 Toga 35 1990 61.3 2007 17 44% 26% 60% 0.5 Toga 132.7 1990 014.9 2065 16 - -28% - 10 Uzbekistan 96.2 1999 96.4 2007 8 16% 0.6% 128% 0.0 Vanuatu 852.2 1999 9.3 2007 8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>± 70</td> <td></td> <td>02/70</td> <td></td> | | | | | | | ± 70 | | 02/70 | |
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| Zambia 66.7 1998 93 2008 10 13% 26% 197% 1.0 Zimbabwe 93.3 1990 81.4 2003 13 3% -12% -342% 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Zambia | 66.7 | | 93 | 2008 | | 13% | | | |
| Average 59.2 - 75.9 - 13.4 27% 16% 276% 0.48 | | | 1990 | | | | | | | |
| | Average | 59.2 | - | 75.9 | - | 13.4 | 27% | 16% | 276% | 0.48 |

MDG #2: Achieve Universal Primary Education (100% Completion Rate)

| | Ratio of Girls to Boys in Primary and Secondary education (%) | | | | Actua | Performance | _ | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country | Baseline | Year | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | Required Improvement Change for Observed Period) | (% Percentage Change | Versus Required Improvement | MDG Progress S core |
| Afghanistan | 53.9 | 1991 | 57.7 | 2007 | 16 | 29% | 7% | 24% | 0 |
| Angola | 82.0 | 1998 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Armenia | - 100.3 | - 1991 | 104.1 97.8 | 2008 2008 | - 17 | - | -2% | - | - |
| Azerbaijan Bangladesh | 100.5 | 1991 | 97.8 | 2008 | 17 | - | -2.70 | - | - |
| Benin | 49.5 | 1991 | 73.5 | 2007 | 14 | 28% | 48% | 171% | 1 |
| Bhutan | 82.8 | 1998 | 97.8 | 2008 | 10 | 7% | 18% | 263% | 1 |
| Bolivia | 96.0 | 1998 | 98.7 | 2007 | 9 | 1% | 3% | 192% | 1 |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | - | - | 100.2 | 2007 | - | - | - | | - |
| Burkina Faso | 62.5 | 1991 | 84.1 | 2008 | 17 | 26% | 35% | 136% | 1 |
| Burundi | 81.8 | 1991 | 91.3 | 2008 | 17 | 12% | 12% | 94% | 0.5 |
| Cambodia Cameroon | 73.1 83.0 | 1991 1991 | 89.7 84.2 | 2007 2008 | 16 17 | 17% 12% | 23% 2% | 132% | 0 |
| Cape Verde | | 1991 | 100.2 | 2003 | 17 | 12.70 | 2.70 | - | - |
| Central African Republic | 60.6 | 1991 | - | - 2004 | | - | - | - | - |
| Chad | 41.6 | 1991 | 64.2 | 2007 | 16 | 37% | 54% | 145% | 1 |
| Comoros | 71.1 | 1991 | 84.2 | 2005 | 14 | 16% | 18% | 114% | 1 |
| Congo - DRC | 79.8 | 1999 | 75.8 | 2008 | 9 | 7% | -5% | -68% | 0 |
| Congo, Republic of | 86.3 | 1991 | 91.9 | 2004 | 13 | 7% | 6% | 91% | 0.5 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 65.5 | 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| Djibouti | 70.5 | 1991 | 80.0 | 2008 | 17 | 20% | 13% | 67% | 0.5 |
| Dominica | 108.5 | 1999 | 100.6 | 2008 | 9 | - | -7% | | 1 |
| Eritrea | 77.8 | 1999 | 77.2 | 2008 | 9 17 | 8% | -1% | -10% 114% | 0 |
| Ethiopia Gambia, The | 68.4 63.7 | 1991 1991 | 85.2 101.7 | 2008 2008 | 17 | 21% 25% | 25% 60% | 241% | 1 |
| Gambia, I ne Georgia | 98.2 | 1991 1991 | 96.5 | 2008 | 17 | 25% | -2% | -152% | 0 |
| Ghana | 78.8 | 1991 | 95.6 | 2008 | 17 | 14% | 21% | 148% | 1 |
| Grenada | 94.0 | 1991 | 93.2 | 2008 | 17 | 4% | -1% | -22% | 0 |
| Guinea | 45.0 | 1991 | 77.1 | 2008 | 17 | 37% | 71% | 190% | 1 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 65.5 | 2000 | - | - | - | | - | | - |
| Guyana | 101.5 | 1991 | 99.6 | 2008 | 17 | - | -2% | | 0 |
| Haiti | 94.4 | 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| Honduras | 106.4 | 1991 | 107.3 | 2008 | 17 | - | 1% | | 1 |
| India | 70.0 | 1991 | 92.2 | 2007 | 16 | 19% | 32% | 165% | 1 |
| Kenya | 93.6 | 1991 | 95.9 | 2008 | 17 | 4% | 2% | 56% | 0.5 |
| Kiribati Kyrgyz Republic | 122.5 100.8 | 2000 1999 | 106.6 100.5 | 2005 2008 | 5 | - 0% | -13% 0% | - 104% | 1 |
| Laos | 75.6 | 1999 | 87.2 | 2008 | 17 | 17% | 15% | 92% | 0.5 |
| Lesotho | 123.5 | 1991 | 104.7 | 2007 | 16 | - | -15% | - | 1 |
| Liberia | 71.1 | 1999 | 86.0 | 2008 | 9 | 10% | 21% | 201% | 1 |
| Madagascar | 97.5 | 1991 | 96.5 | 2008 | 17 | 2% | -1% | -60% | 0 |
| Malawi | 81.3 | 1991 | 99.4 | 2008 | 17 | 13% | 22% | 175% | 1 |
| Maldives | 101.4 | 1998 | 98.2 | 2006 | 8 | 0% | -3% | 705% | 1 |
| Mali | 57.7 | 1991 | 77.6 | 2008 | 17 | 29% | 34% | 120% | 1 |
| M auritania | 71.5 | 1991 | 103.7 | 2008 | 17 | 19% | 45% | 232% | 1 |
| Moldova | 105.2 | 1991 | 101.6 | 2008 | 17 | - | -3% | | 1 |
| Mongolia Mongolia | 109.4 | 1991 1991 | 104.2 | 2008 2008 | 17 17 | - 19% | -5% 21% | - 108% | 1 |
| M ozambique Nepal | 71.5 59.4 | 1991 | 86.5 93.3 | 2008 | 17 | 24% | 57% | 234% | 1 |
| Nicaragua | 108.9 | 1991 | 102.5 | 2000 | 15 | - | -6% | | 1 |
| Niger | 52.7 | 1991 | 73.9 | 2008 | 17 | 32% | 40% | 125% | 1 |
| Nigeria | 77.5 | 1991 | 85.1 | 2007 | 16 | 14% | 10% | 68% | 0.5 |
| Pakistan | - | - | 80.2 | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Papua New Guinea | 79.6 | 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rwanda | 95.2 | 1991 | 100.1 | 2008 | 17 | 3% | 5% | 159% | 1 |
| Samoa | 117.6 | 1991 | 104.5 | 2005 | 14 | - | -11% | | 1 |
| Sao Tome and Principe | - | - | 100.0 | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Senegal Sierra Leone | 68.4 63.7 | 1991 1991 | 95.9 84.0 | 2008 2007 | 17 | 21% | 40% 32% | 187% 137% | 1 |
| Sierra Leone Solomon Islands | 63.7 83.6 | 1991 1991 | 84.0 94.0 | 2007 2007 | 16 16 | 23% | 32% | 137% 118% | 1 |
| Solomon Islands Sri Lanka | 83.0 | 1991 | 94.0 | 2007 | - | - | - 12% | | - |
| St. Lucia | 102.4 | 1991 | 100.1 | 2008 | 17 | - | -3% | | 1 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines | 106.6 | 1991 | 99.8 | 2008 | 17 | - | -6% | | 0 |
| Sudan | 77.5 | 1991 | 89.1 | 2008 | 17 | 15% | 15% | 98% | 0.5 |
| Tajikistan | 89.8 | 1999 | 90.6 | 2008 | 9 | 4% | 1% | 24% | 0 |
| Tanzania | 96.7 | 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Timor-Leste | | - | 94.8 | 2005 | - | - | - | | - |
| Togo | 59.0 | 1991 | 75.3 | 2007 | 16 | 26% | 28% | 105% | 1 |
| Tonga | 100.7 | 1991 | 99.9 | 2006 | 15 | 0% | -1% | | 0 |
| Uganda | 81.7 | 1991 | 98.9 | 2008 | 17 | 12% | 21% | 170% | 1 |
| Uzbekistan Vanuatu | 93.8 92.7 | 1991 | 98.0 94.8 | 2007 2004 | 16 13 | 4% 4% | 4% 2% | 112% | 1 |
| Vanuatu Vietnam | 92.7 91.7 | 1991 1999 | 94.8 | 2004 | - | 4% | 2% | 58% | 0.5 |
| Yemen, Republic of | 49.9 | 1999 | - 65.7 | - 2005 | - 6 | 12% | 32% | 263% | 1 |
| Zambia | 49.9 90.6 | 1999 | 94.8 | 2005 | 10 | 4% | 5% | 125% | 1 |
| | | .//0 | > 6.0 | 2000 | 10 | H /0 | 270 | 12070 | |
| Zimbabwe | 92.1 | 1991 | 97.1 | 2006 | 15 | 5% | 5% | 115% | 1 |

MDG #3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women

MDG #4: Reduce Child Mortality by Two-Thirds

| InstrJoin | | | | Rate, Under-5 1,000) | | | | | Actual | Performance | |
|---|--------------------------|---------|----------------|-------------------------|------|------------------------|------|----|--------|-------------|------|
| Apach <th< th=""><th>Country</th><th>Baselin</th><th>ne <i>Year</i></th><th>Current</th><th>Year</th><th># of Observation Years</th><th></th><th>(%</th><th></th><th>-</th><th>-</th></th<> | Country | Baselin | ne <i>Year</i> | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | | (% | | - | - |
| Amban <th< td=""><td>Afghanistan</td><td>260</td><td>1990</td><td>257</td><td>2008</td><td>18</td><td>-48%</td><td></td><td>-1%</td><td>2%</td><td>0</td></th<> | Afghanistan | 260 | 1990 | 257 | 2008 | 18 | -48% | | -1% | 2% | 0 |
| AnalogAnalogBit <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5078</td> <td>0</td> | | | | | | | | | | 5078 | 0 |
| BindiandBindia | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| BeimB | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| BindeLine <thline< th="">Line<thline< th=""><thline< th="">LineLin</thline<></thline<></thline<> | - | | | | | | | | | | 0.5 |
| bioshar ParaAnd< | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intermain <td>Bolivia</td> <td></td> <td>1990</td> <td>54</td> <td>2008</td> <td>18</td> <td>-48%</td> <td></td> <td>-57%</td> <td>118%</td> <td>1</td> | Bolivia | | 1990 | 54 | 2008 | 18 | -48% | | -57% | 118% | 1 |
| Banda <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CamborCambo <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Canal AbsorbanceCanalPartPartPartPartPartPartPartPartCamerC | | | | | | | | | | 12% | |
| ChaiChaiAppSpatSp | Cape Verde | 60 | 1990 | 29 | 2008 | 18 | -48% | | -52% | 109% | 1 |
| Concertion:12019010010120318480171171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070171070 <td>Central African Republic</td> <td>171</td> <td>1990</td> <td>173</td> <td>2008</td> <td>18</td> <td>-48%</td> <td></td> <td>1%</td> <td>-2%</td> <td>0</td> | Central African Republic | 171 | 1990 | 173 | 2008 | 18 | -48% | | 1% | -2% | 0 |
| Cong.NordiaSoloNov< | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Average | | | 90 90.8 | | 18.0 | -48% | | -35% | 72% | 0.50 |

| | Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100k births) | | | | | Actual | Performance | | |
|--|---|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country | Baseline | Year | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | Required Improvement (% Change for Observed Period) | Percentage Change | Versus Required Improvement | MDG Progress S core |
| Afghanistan | 1261 | 1990 | 1575 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 25% | -46% | 0.0 |
| Angola | 1156 | 1990 | 593 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -49% | 90% | 0.5 |
| Armenia | 36 | 1990 | 30 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -17% | 31% | 0.0 |
| Azerbaijan | 39 | 1990 | 37 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -5% | 9% | 0.0 |
| Bangladesh | 724 | 1990 | 338 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -53% | 99% | 0.5 |
| Benin | 588 | 1990 | 469 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -20% | 37% | 0.0 |
| Bhutan | 1145 | 1990 | 255 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -78% | 144% | 1.0 |
| Bolivia | 439 | 1990 | 180 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -59% | 109% | 1.0 |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | 32 | 1990 | 12 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -63% | 116% | 1.0 |
| Burkina Faso | 488 | 1990 | 332 | 2008 2008 | 18 | -54% | -32% | 59% 37% | 0.5 0.0 |
| Burundi | 712 | 1990 1990 | 570 266 | 2008 | 18 18 | -54% -54% | -20% -35% | 65% | 0.5 |
| Cambodia Cameroon | 409 523 | 1990 1990 | 200 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -33% | -64% | 0.0 |
| Cape Verde | 229 | 1990 | 75 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -67% | 125% | 1.0 |
| Cape verue Central African Republic | 1757 | 1990 | 1570 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -11% | 20% | 0.0 |
| Chad | 891 | 1990 | 1065 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 20% | -36% | 0.0 |
| Comoros | 450 | 1990 | 225 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -50% | 93% | 0.5 |
| Congo - DRC | 550 | 1990 | 534 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -3% | 5% | 0.0 |
| Congo, Republic of | 616 | 1990 | 617 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -3% | 0% | 0.0 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 580 | 1990 | 944 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 63% | -116% | 0.0 |
| Djibouti | 607 | 1990 | 462 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -24% | 44% | 0.0 |
| Dominica | - | - 1990 | | - | - | | -2470 | - | 1.0 |
| Eritrea | 1293 | - 1990 | 751 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -42% | 78% | 0.5 |
| Ethiopia | 968 | 1990 | 590 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -39% | 72% | 0.5 |
| Gambia, The | 628 | 1990 | 281 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -55% | 102% | 1.0 |
| Georgia | 28 | 1990 | 37 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 32% | -60% | 0.0 |
| Ghana | 549 | 1990 | 409 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -26% | 47% | 0.0 |
| Grenada | 99 | 1990 | 47 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -53% | 97% | 0.5 |
| Guinea | 965 | 1990 | 860 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -11% | 20% | 0.0 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 966 | 1990 | 804 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -17% | 31% | 0.0 |
| Guyana | 162 | 1990 | 143 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -12% | 22% | 0.0 |
| Haiti | 898 | 1990 | 582 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -35% | 65% | 0.5 |
| Honduras | 164 | 1990 | 105 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -36% | 67% | 0.5 |
| India | 523 | 1990 | 254 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -51% | 95% | 0.5 |
| Kenya | 452 | 1990 | 413 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -9% | 16% | 0.0 |
| Kiribati | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 65 | 1990 | 69 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 6% | -11% | 0.0 |
| Laos | 1215 | 1990 | 339 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -72% | 134% | 1.0 |
| Lesotho | 363 | 1990 | 964 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 166% | -307% | 0.0 |
| Liberia | 729 | 1990 | 859 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 18% | -33% | 0.0 |
| Madagascar | 484 | 1990 | 373 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -23% | 42% | 0.0 |
| M alawi | 743 | 1990 | 1140 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 53% | -99% | 0.0 |
| Maldives | 366 | 1990 | 75 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -80% | 147% | 1.0 |
| Mali | 831 | 1990 | 670 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -19% | 36% | 0.0 |
| M auritania | 1295 | 1990 | 712 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -45% | 83% | 0.5 |
| Moldova | 42 | 1990 | 20 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -52% | 97% | 0.5 |
| Mongolia | 404 | 1990 | 207 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -49% | 90% | 0.5 |
| M ozambique | 385 | 1990 | 599 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 56% | -103% | 0.0 |
| Nepal | 471 | 1990 | 240 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -49% | 91% | 0.5 |
| Nicaragua | 101 | 1990 | 103 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 2% | -4% | 0.0 |
| Niger | 890 | 1990 | 601 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -32% | 60% | 0.5 |
| Nigeria | 473 | 1990 | 608 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 29% | -53% | 0.0 |
| Pakistan Banua Nau Cuinaa | 541 | 1990 | 376 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -30% | 56% 64% | 0.5 |
| Papua New Guinea | 476 | 1990 | 312 383 | 2008 2008 | 18 18 | -54% -54% | -34% -53% | 64% 98% | 0.5 0.5 |
| Rwanda | 813 | 1990 | 385 104 | 2008 | 18 | | -33% | 98% 74% | 0.5 |
| Samoa Sao Tome and Principe | 173 531 | 1990 1990 | 104 296 | 2008 2008 | 18 | -54% -54% | -40% -44% | 74% 82% | 0.5 |
| Sao Tome and Principe Senegal | 542 | 1990 1990 | 401 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -26% | 48% | 0.0 |
| Senegai Sierra Leone | 542 1044 | 1990 1990 | 1033 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -20% | 4870 | 0.0 |
| Solomon Islands | 500 | 1990 | 284 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -1% | 80% | 0.5 |
| Solomon Islands Sri Lanka | 500 | 1990 1990 | 30 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -42% | 78% | 0.5 |
| Sri Lanka St. Lucia | 52 92 | 1990 | 46 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -42% | 93% | 0.5 |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines | 92 82 | 1990 | 40 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -45% | 84% | 0.5 |
| St. vincent & Grenaumes Sudan | 593 | 1990 | 306 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -48% | 90% | 0.5 |
| Tajikistan | 90 | 1990 | 46 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -49% | 91% | 0.5 |
| Tanzania | 610 | 1990 | 449 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -26% | 49% | 0.0 |
| Timor-Leste | 1016 | 1990 | 929 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -9% | 16% | 0.0 |
| Togo | 540 | 1990 | 447 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -17% | 32% | 0.0 |
| Tonga | 189 | 1990 | 113 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -40% | 74% | 0.5 |
| Uganda | 571 | 1990 | 352 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -38% | 71% | 0.5 |
| Uzbekistan | 61 | 1990 | 45 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -26% | 49% | 0.0 |
| Vanuatu | 336 | 1990 | 178 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -47% | 87% | 0.5 |
| Vietnam | 158 | 1990 | 64 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -59% | 110% | 1.0 |
| Yemen, Republic of | 582 | 1990 | 269 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | -54% | 100% | 0.5 |
| Zambia | 594 | 1990 | 603 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 2% | -3% | 0.0 |
| Zimbabwe | 232 | 1990 | 624 | 2008 | 18 | -54% | 169% | -313% | 0.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

MDG #5: Improve Maternal Health (Reduce by Maternal Mortality by Three-Fourths)

| Prevalence of HIV, Total (% of population ages 15-49) | | | | 9 | | | Actual | | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country | Baseline | Year | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | Required Improvement (% Change for Observed Period) | Percentage Change | Versus Required Improvement | MDG Progress S core |
| Afghanistan | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angola | 0.3 | 1990 | 2.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 600% | -600% | 0 |
| Armenia | 0.1 | 1998 | 0.1 | 2007 | 9 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Azerbaijan | 0.1 | 2003 | 0.2 | 2007 | 4 | 0% | 100% | -100% | 0 |
| Bangladesh | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | · · · | | 100 C |
| Benin | 0.1 | 1990 | 1.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 1100% | -1100% | 0 |
| Bhutan | - | - | 0.1 | 2007 | - | 0% | · · · · · | | |
| Bolivia | 0.1 | 1992 | 0.2 | 2007 | 15 | 0% | 100% | -100% | 0 |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | - | - 1990 | - | - | - 17 | 0% | - | - | |
| Burkina Faso Burundi | 1.9 1.7 | 1990 | 1.6 2.0 | 2007 2007 | 17 | 0% 0% | -16% 18% | 16% -18% | 0 |
| Cambodia | 0.7 | 1990 | 0.8 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 14% | -18% | 0 |
| Cameroon | 0.7 | 1990 | 5.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 538% | -1470 | 0 |
| Cape Verde | 0.0 | | - | 2007 | 1, | 0% | 55070 | -55670 | - |
| Central African Republic | 1.8 | 1990 | 6.3 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 250% | -250% | 0 |
| Chad | 0.7 | 1990 | 3.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 400% | -400% | 0 |
| Comoros | 0.1 | 1990 | 0.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Congo - DRC | - | | - | | | 0% | - | - | |
| Congo, Republic of | 5.1 | 1990 | 3.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | -31% | 31% | 1 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 2.2 | 1990 | 3.9 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 77% | -77% | 0 |
| Djibouti | 0.2 | 1990 | 3.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 1450% | -1450% | 0 |
| Dominica | - | - | - | - | | 0% | - | - | - |
| Eritrea | 0.1 | 1990 | 1.3 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 1200% | -1200% | 0 |
| Ethiopia | 0.7 | 1990 | 2.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 200% | -200% | 0 |
| Gambia, The | 0.1 | 1993 | 0.9 | 2007 | 14 | 0% | 800% | -800% | 0 |
| Georgia | 0.1 | 2004 | 0.1 | 2007 | 3 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Ghana | 0.1 | 1990 | 1.9 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 1800% | -1800% | 0 |
| Grenada | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Guinea | 0.2 | 1990 | 1.6 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 700% | -700% | 0 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 0.2 | 1990 | 1.8 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 800% | -800% | 0 |
| Guyana | 1.3 | 1990 | 2.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 92% | -92% | 0 |
| Haiti | 1.2 | 1990 | 2.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 83% | -83% | 0 |
| Honduras | 1.3 | 1990 | 0.7 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | -46% | 46% | 1 |
| India | 0.1 | 1991 | 0.3 | 2007 | 16 | 0% | 200% | -200% | 0 |
| Kenya | - | | - | - | | 0% | - | - | - |
| Kiribati | - | | - | - | | 0% | | - | - |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 0.1 | 2001 | 0.1 | 2007 | 6 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Laos | 0.1 | 1995 | 0.2 | 2007 | 12 | 0% | 100% | -100% | 0 |
| Lesotho | 0.4 | 1990 | 23.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 5700% | -5700% | 0 |
| Liberia | 0.8 | 1990 | 1.7 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 113% | -113% | 0 |
| Madagascar | 0.1 | 1997 | 0.1 | 2007 | 10 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Malawi | 2.1 | 1990 | 11.9 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 467% | -467% | 0 |
| Maldives | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | · · · · | | |
| Mali | 0.2 | 1990 | 1.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 650% | -650% | 0 |
| Mauritania | 0.1 | 1990 | 0.8 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 700% | -700% | 0 |
| Moldova | 0.1 | 2001 | 0.4 | 2007 | 6 | 0% | 300% | -300% | 0 |
| Mongolia | - | - | - | - | | 0% | - | | 100 C |
| Mozambique | 1.4 | 1990 | 12.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 793% | -793% | 0 |
| Nepal | 0.1 | 1990 | 0.5 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 400% | -400% | 0 |
| Nicaragua | 0.1 | 1990 | 0.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 100% | -100% | 0 |
| Niger | 0.1 | 1990 | 0.8 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 700% | -700% | 0 |
| Nigeria | 0.7 | 1990 | 3.1 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 343% | -343% | 0 |
| Pakistan | 0.1 | 1995 | 0.1 | 2007 | 12 | 0% | 0% | 0% | |
| Papua New Guinea | 0.1 | 1994 | 1.5 | 2007 | 13 | 0% | 1400% | -1400% | 0 |
| Rwanda | 9.2 | 1990 | 2.8 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | -70% | 70% | 1 |
| Samoa | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Sao Tome and Principe | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Senegal | 0.1 | 1990 | 1.0 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 900% | -900% | 0 |
| Sierra Leone | 0.2 | 1990 | 1.7 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 750% | -750% | 0 |
| Solomon Islands | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Sri Lanka | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| St. Lucia | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Sudan | 0.8 | 1990 | 1.4 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 75% | -75% | 0 |
| Tajikistan | 0.1 | 1996 | 0.3 | 2007 | 11 | 0% | 200% | -200% -29% | 0 |
| Tanzania Timon Lasta | 4.8 | 1990 | 6.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 29% | | |
| Timor-Leste | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | 2710 | - | - |
| Togo | 0.7 | 1990 | 3.3 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 371% | -371% | 0 |
| Tonga | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Uganda | 13.7 | 1990 | 5.4 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | -61% | 61% | 1 |
| Uzbekistan | 0.1 | 2002 | 0.1 | 2007 | 5 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 1 |
| Vanuatu | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | - |
| Vietnam | 0.1 | 1991 | 0.5 | 2007 | 16 | 0% | 400% | - | - |
| Yemen, Republic of | - | - | - | - | - | 0% | - | - | |
| Zambia | 8.9 | 1990 | 15.2 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 71% | -71% | 0 |
| Zimbabwe | 14.2 | 1990 | 15.3 2.9 | 2007 | 17 | 0% | 8% | -8% -462% | 0 0.23 |

MDG #6: Halt by 2015 and Begun to Reverse the Spread of HIV/AIDS

MDG #7: Halve, by 2015, the Proportion of People without Sustainable Access to Safe Drinking Water

| | Improved Water Source (% of population without access) | | | | Actual Per | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|----------|--------------|------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country | Baseline | Year | Current | Year | # of Observation Years | Required Improvement (% Change for Observed Period) | Percentage Change | Versus Required Improvement | MDG Progress S core |
| Afghanistan | 79 | 1995 | 78 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -1% | 5.8% | 0 |
| Angola | 61 | 1990 | 49 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -20% | 61.5% | 0.5 |
| Armenia | 9 | 1995 | 2 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -78% | 353.5% | 1 |
| Azerbaijan | 32 | 1990 | 22 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -31% | 97.7% | 0.5 |
| Bangladesh | 22 | 1990 | 20 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -9% | 28.4% | 0 |
| Benin | 37 | 1990 | 35 | 2006 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -5% | 16.9% | 0 |
| Bhutan Bolivia | 19 28 | 2000 1990 | 19 14 | 2006 | 6 16 | -12.0% -32.0% | 0% -50% | 156.3% | 1 |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina | 28 | 1990 | 14 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -67% | 208.3% | 1 |
| Burkina Faso | 66 | 1990 | 28 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -58% | 179.9% | 1 |
| Burundi | 30 | 1990 | 29 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -3% | 10.4% | 0 |
| Cambodia | 81 | 1990 | 35 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -57% | 177.5% | 1 |
| Cameroon | 51 | 1990 | 30 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -41% | 128.7% | 1 |
| Cape Verde | 21 | 1995 | 20 | 2000 | 5 | -10.0% | -5% | 47.6% | 0 |
| Central African Republic | 42 | 1990 | 34 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -19% | 59.5% | 0.5 |
| Chad | 76 | 1995 | 52 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -32% | 143.5% | 1 |
| Comoros | 7 | 1990 | 15 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | 114% | -357.1% | 0 |
| Congo - DRC | 57 | 1990 | 54 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -5% | 16.4% | 0 |
| Congo, Republic of | 30 | 2000 | 29 | 2006 | 6 | -12.0% | -3% | 27.8% | 0 |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 33 | 1990 | 19 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -42% | 132.6% | 1 |
| Djibouti | 24 | 1990 | 8 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -67% | 208.3% | 1 |
| Dominica | 3 | 1995 | 3 | 2004 | 9 | -18.0% | 0% | 0.0% | 0 |
| Eritrea | 57 | 1990 | 40 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -30% | 93.2% | 0.5 |
| Ethiopia Combin The | 87 | 1990 | 58 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -33% | 104.2% | |
| Gambia, The | 15 | 1995 | 14 | 2006 2006 | 11 16 | -22.0% | -7% | 30.3% 299.5% | 0 |
| Georgia Ghana | 24 44 | 1990 1990 | 1 20 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% -32.0% | -96% -55% | 299.5% 170.5% | |
| Grenada | 6 | 1990 | 20 5 | 2000 | 9 | -18.0% | -33% | 92.6% | 0.5 |
| Guinea | 55 | 1995 | 30 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -45% | 142.0% | 1 |
| Guinea-Bissau | 42 | 1995 | 43 | 2006 | 10 | -22.0% | 2% | -10.8% | 0 |
| Guyana | 12 | 1995 | 7 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -42% | 189.4% | 1 |
| Haiti | 48 | 1990 | 42 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -13% | 39.1% | 0 |
| Honduras | 28 | 1990 | 16 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -43% | 133.9% | 1 |
| India | 29 | 1990 | 11 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -62% | 194.0% | 1 |
| Kenya | 59 | 1990 | 43 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -27% | 84.7% | 0.5 |
| Kiribati | 52 | 1990 | 35 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -33% | 102.2% | 1 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 23 | 1995 | 11 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -52% | 237.2% | 1 |
| Laos | 59 | 1995 | 40 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -32% | 146.4% | 1 |
| Lesotho | 23 | 1995 | 22 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -4% | 19.8% | 0 |
| Liberia | 43 | 1990 | 36 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -16% | 50.9% | 0.5 |
| Madagascar | 61 | 1990 | 53 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -13% | 41.0% | 0 |
| Malawi | 59 | 1990 | 24 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -59% | 185.4% | 1 |
| M aldives M ali | 4 67 | 1990 1990 | 17 40 | 2006 2006 | 16 16 | -32.0% -32.0% | 325% -40% | -1015.6% 125.9% | 0 |
| | | 1990 | 40 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | | | 1 |
| M auritania M oldova | 63 7 | 1990 | 10 | 2000 | 10 | -32.0% | -37% 43% | 114.1% -194.8% | 0 |
| Mongolia | 36 | 1990 | 28 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -22% | 69.4% | 0.5 |
| Mozambique | 64 | 1990 | 58 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -9% | 29.3% | 0.5 |
| Nepal | 28 | 1990 | 11 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -61% | 189.7% | 1 |
| Nicaragua | 30 | 1990 | 21 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -30% | 93.8% | 0.5 |
| Niger | 59 | 1990 | 58 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -2% | 5.3% | 0 |
| Nigeria | 50 | 1990 | 53 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | 6% | -18.8% | 0 |
| Pakistan | 14 | 1990 | 10 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -29% | 89.3% | 0.5 |
| Papua New Guinea | 61 | 1990 | 60 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -2% | 5.1% | 0 |
| Rwanda | 35 | 1990 | 35 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | 0% | 0.0% | 0 |
| Samoa | 9 | 1990 | 12 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | 33% | -104.2% | 0 |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 21 | 1995 | 14 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | -33% | 151.5% | 1 |
| Senegal | 33 | 1990 | 23 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -30% | 94.7% | 0.5 |
| Sierra Leone | 43 | 1995 | 47 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | 9% | -42.3% | 0 |
| Solomon Islands | 31 | 1990 | 30 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -3% | 10.1% | 0 |
| Sri Lanka | 33 | 1990 | 18 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -45% | 142.0% | 1 |
| St. Lucia St. Vincent & Grandinas | 2 | 1990 | 2 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | 0% | 0.0% | |
| St. Vincent & Grenadines Sudan | - 36 | - 1990 | - 30 | - 2006 | - 16 | -32.0% | -17% | - 52.1% | - 0.5 |
| Sudan Taiikistan | 30 44 | 1990 1995 | 30 | 2006 | 10 | -32.0% | -17% | 113.6% | 0.5 |
| Tanzania | 51 | 1995 | 45 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -12% | 36.8% | 0 |
| Timor-Leste | 39 | 2000 | 38 | 2000 | 6 | -12.0% | -3% | 21.4% | 0 |
| Togo | 51 | 2000 1990 | 41 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -20% | 61.3% | 0.5 |
| Tonga | 0 | 1990 | 0 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -20% | | - |
| Uganda | 57 | 1990 | 36 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | -37% | 115.1% | 1 |
| Uzbekistan | 10 | 1990 | 12 | 2000 | 16 | -32.0% | 20% | -62.5% | 0 |
| Vanuatu | 39 | 1990 | - | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | | -02.576 | - |
| Vietnam | 48 | 1990 | 8 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -83% | 260.4% | 1 |
| Yemen, Republic of | 28 | 1995 | 34 | 2006 | 11 | -22.0% | 21% | -97.4% | 0 |
| Zambia | 50 | 1990 | 42 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -16% | 50.0% | 0 |
| Zimbabwe | 22 | 1990 | 19 | 2006 | 16 | -32.0% | -14% | 42.6% | 0 |
| Average | 37.4 | | 28.0 | - | 14.3 | -29% | -17% | 60% | 0.47 |